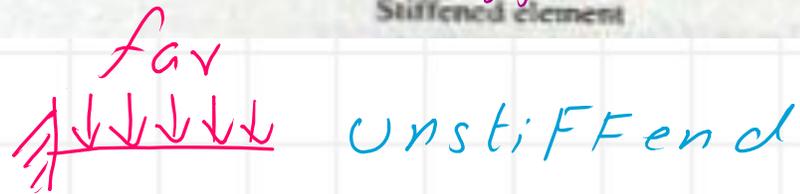
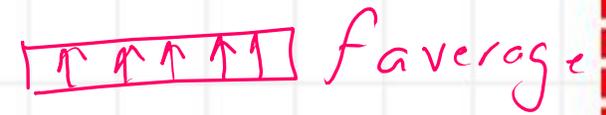
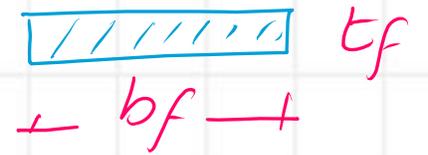
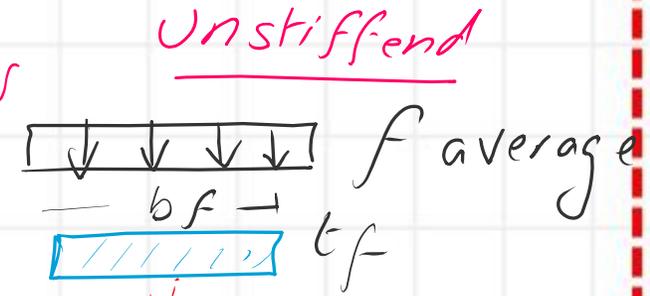
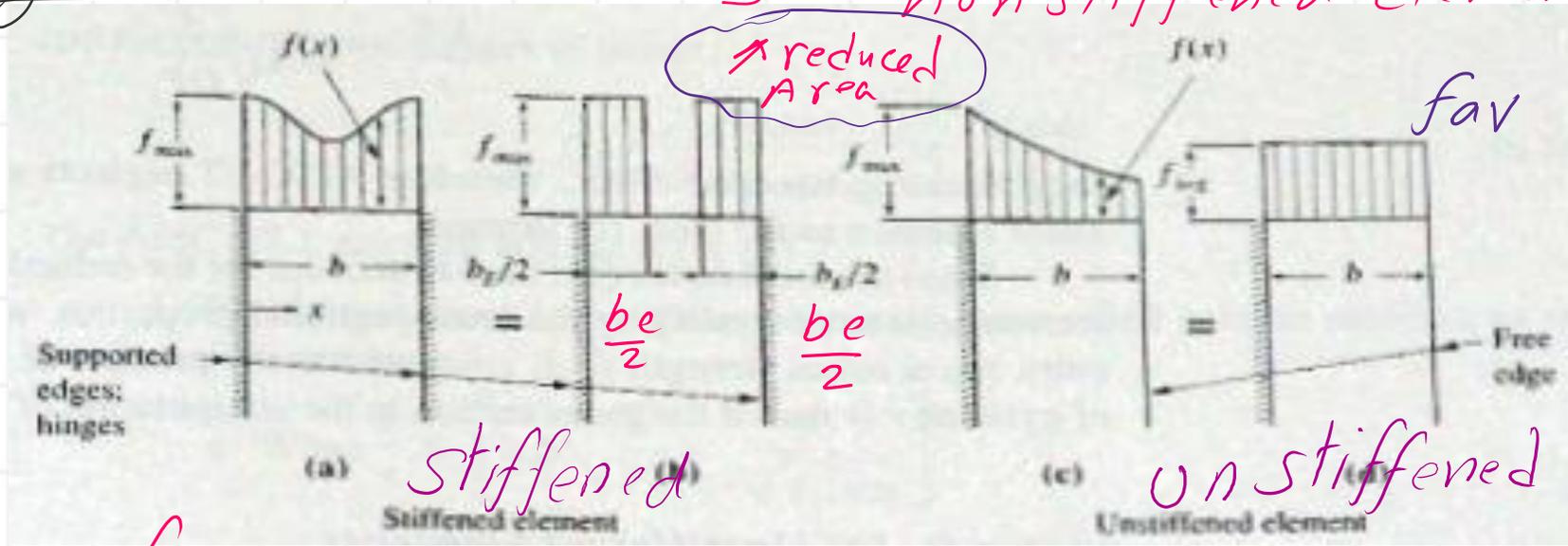


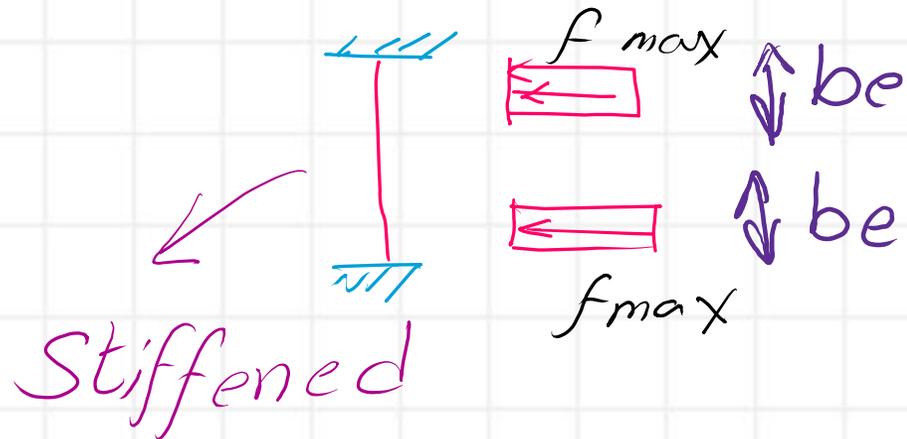
Pg-317

SALmon  $\rightarrow$  stiffened elements  
non stiffened elements



$$P_n = (b t) f_{avg}$$

$$P_n = (b_e t) f_{max}$$



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Page 318 - Chapter 6 Salmon  $\phi_A$  &  $Q_s$  terms

Compression members composed of both stiffened and unstiffened shall be treated as unstiffened for establishing  $f_{av}$ : then the effective width for the stiffened is determined using  $f_{av} = f_{max}$

Unstiffened

$$P_n = A_g \cdot f_{av}$$

$$P_n = A_g f_{av} \left( \frac{f_{max}}{f_{max}} \right) \\ = f_{max} (Q_s) A_{gross}$$

$$Q_s = f_{av} / f_{max}$$

stiffened

$$P_n = A_{eff} \cdot f_{max} \left( \frac{A_{gross}}{A_{gross}} \right) \\ = \left( \frac{A_{eff}}{A_g} \right) \cdot (f_{max} \cdot A_{gross})$$

$$P_n = \phi_A \cdot (f_{max}) (A_{gross})$$

$$\phi_A = \frac{A_{eff}}{A_{gross}}$$

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Page 318 - Chapter 6 Salmon

$$P_n = f_{av} \cdot A_{eff}$$

Whole Section

$$P_n = f_{av} \cdot A_{eff} \left( \frac{f_{max}}{f_{max}} \right) \left( \frac{A_g}{A_g} \right)$$

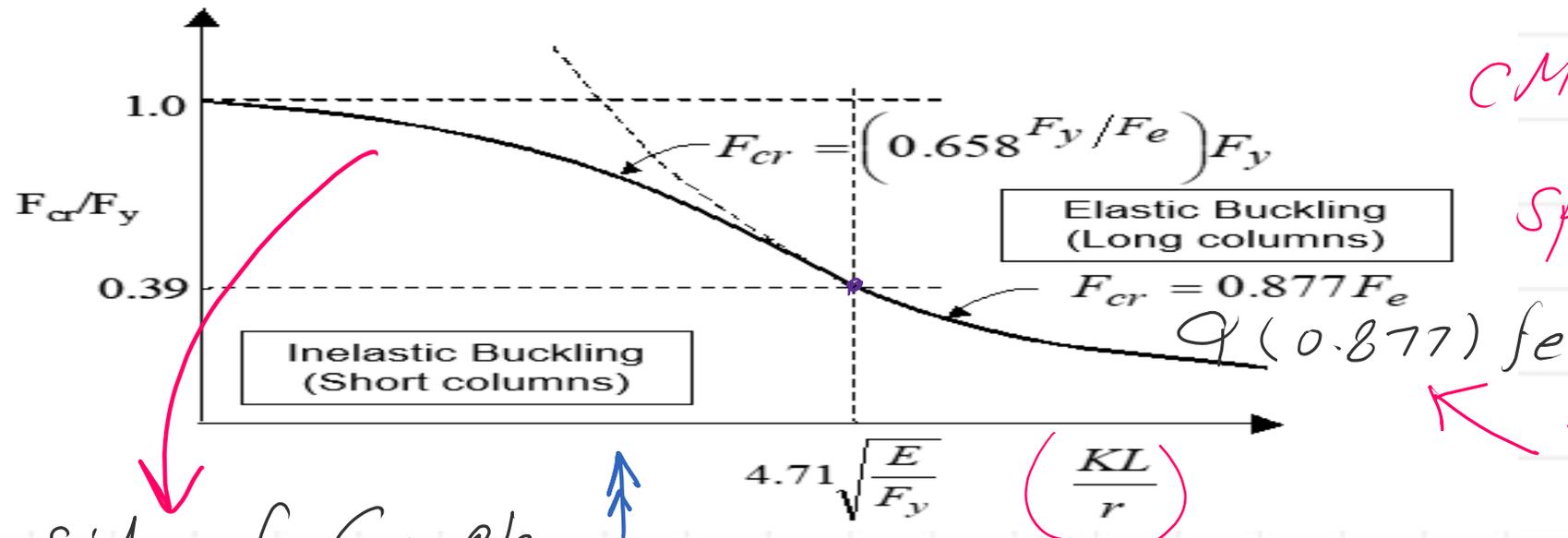
*(Note: Red arrows in the original image point from  $f_{av}$  to  $f_{max}$  labeled  $\phi_s$  and from  $A_{eff}$  to  $A_g$  labeled  $\phi_A$ )*

$A_g$ : gross area  
 $f_{max}$ : maximum stress

$$\phi_A = \frac{A_{eff}}{A_g}$$
$$\phi_s = \frac{f_{av}}{f_{max}}$$

$$P_n = \phi_s \cdot \phi_A \cdot f_{max} \cdot A_{gross}$$

↓  
Gross area



CM # 14

Spec. 2010

right side by Q

Left side of Graph

$$F_{cr} = Q_s Q_a \left(0.658 \frac{Q f_y}{f_e}\right) f_y$$

For parameters of stiffened and unstiffened

$$F_{cr} = Q_s Q_a \left(0.658 \frac{Q F_y}{F_e}\right) (F_y)$$

$$Q_s \cdot Q_a = Q$$

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16.1-16

16.1-16

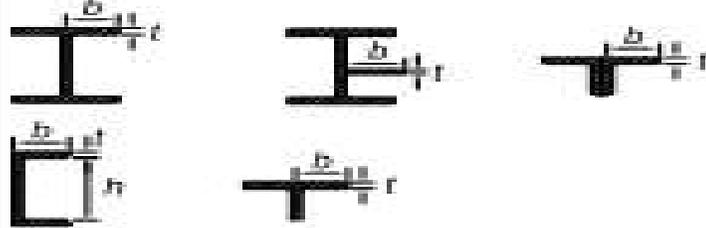
AISC-360-10

MEMBER PROPERTIES

Limiting  $\lambda_r$ 

[Sect. B4.]

**TABLE B4.1a**  
**Width-to-Thickness Ratios: Compression Elements**  
**Members Subject to Axial Compression**

	Case	Description of Element	Width-to-Thickness Ratio	Limiting Width-to-Thickness Ratio $\lambda_r$ (nonslender/slender)	Examples
Unstiffened Elements	1	Flanges of rolled I-shaped sections, plates projecting from rolled I-shaped sections; outstanding legs of angles connected with continuous contact, flanges of channels, and flanges of tees	$b/t$	$0.56 \sqrt{\frac{E}{F_y}}$	
	2	Flanges of built-up I-shaped sections and plates or angle legs projecting from built-up I-shaped sections	$b/t$	$0.64 \sqrt{\frac{k_c E}{F_y}}$ (a)	
	3	Legs of single angles, legs of double angles with separators, and all other unstiffened elements	$b/t$ $b/t$	$0.45 \sqrt{\frac{E}{F_y}}$	
	4	Stems of tees	$d/t$	$0.75 \sqrt{\frac{E}{F_y}}$	

Un-stiffened

I

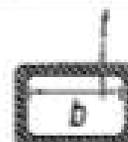
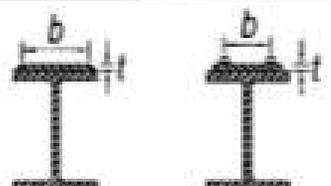
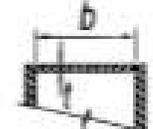
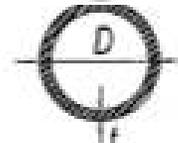
# Stiffened Elements

From 5 → 9

stiffened part

Table B 4.16  
part - 2

CM # 14  
Spec. 2010

Stiffened Elements	5	Webs of doubly-symmetric I-shaped sections and channels	$h/t_w$	$1.49 \sqrt{\frac{E}{F_y}}$	
	6	Walls of rectangular HSS and boxes of uniform thickness	$b/t$	$1.40 \sqrt{\frac{E}{F_y}}$	
	7	Flange cover plates and diaphragm plates between lines of fasteners or welds	$b/t$	$1.40 \sqrt{\frac{E}{F_y}}$	
	8	All other stiffened elements	$b/t$	$1.49 \sqrt{\frac{E}{F_y}}$	
	9	Round HSS	$D/t$	$0.11 \frac{E}{F_y}$	

↓ Flexure

**Prepared by Eng.Maged Kamel.**

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