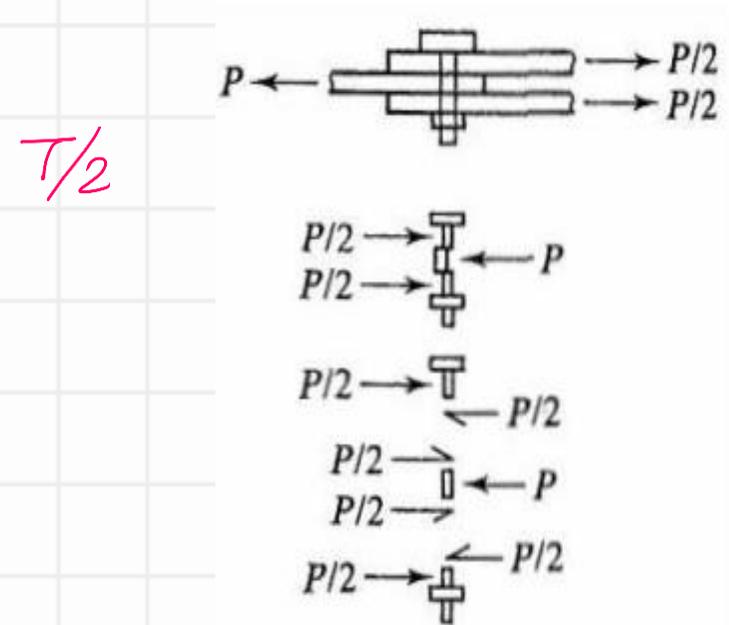
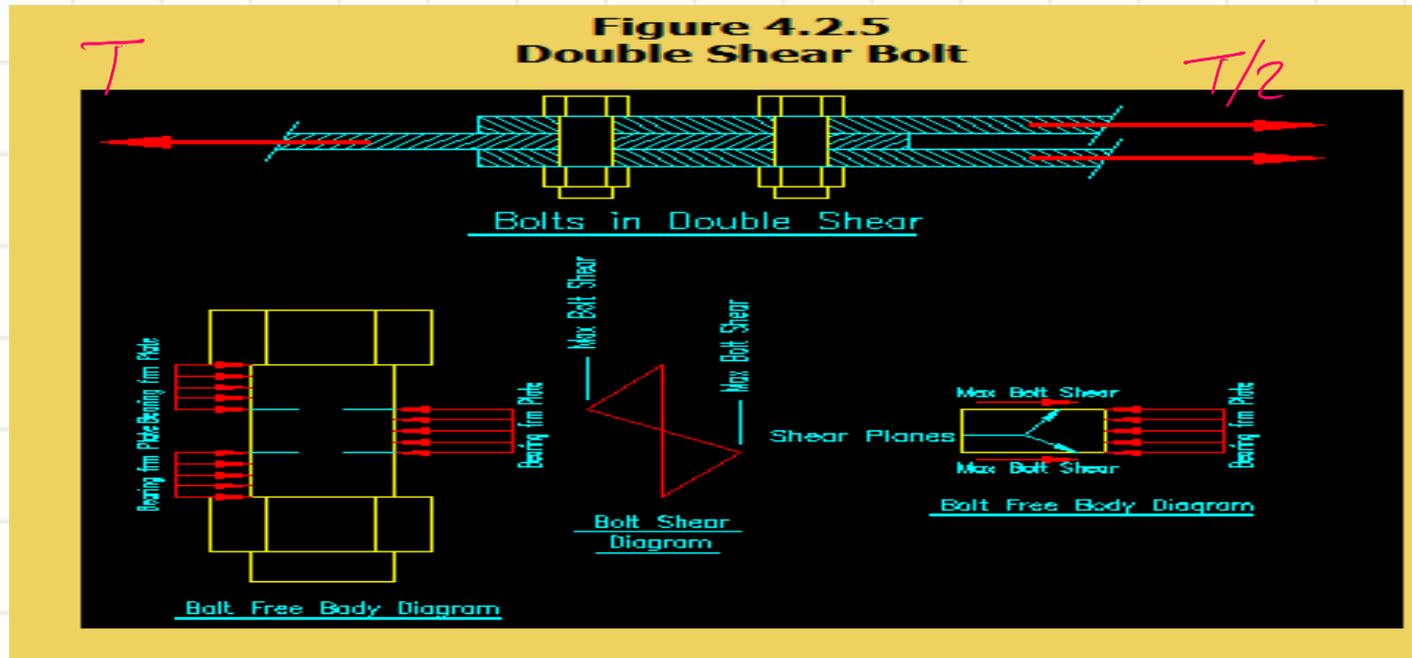


Solved problem - 10.1 - Shear part

Prof. ALAN WILLIAMS

Steel Structures Design

Double shear



(b) Double Shear

- (a) Use J3.2 Table.
- (b) Use Table T-1.

Prepared by Eng. Maged Kamel.

Example 10.1. Bolts in Shear and Bearing with Deformation a Design Consideration

The connection shown in Fig. 10.7 consists of four, grade A490, $\frac{3}{4}$ -in-diameter bolts. The bolts are snug-tight and threads are excluded from the shear planes. Deformation around the bolt holes is a design consideration and the bolt spacing is as indicated. The angles and gusset plate are fabricated from A36 steel. Assuming that the angles and gusset plate are satisfactory, determine the shear force that may be applied to the bolts in the connection.

A36 steel

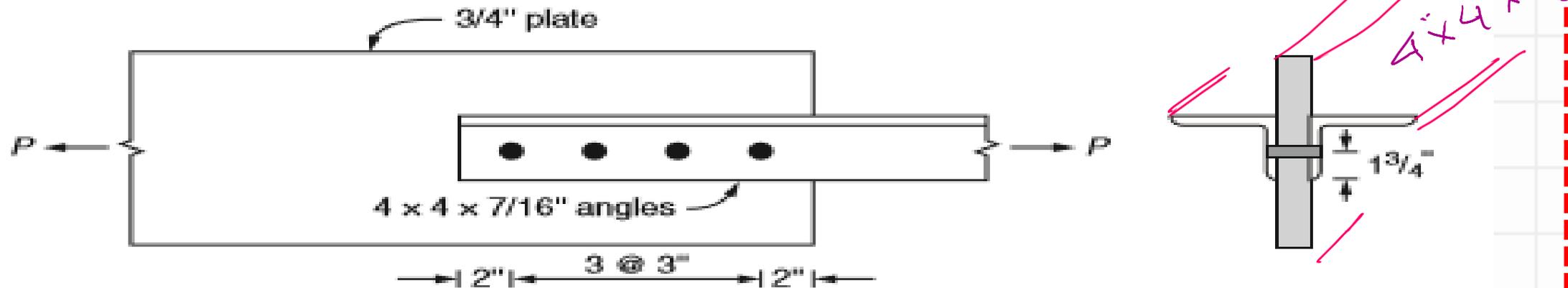


FIGURE 10.7 Details for Example 10.1.

$d_b = \frac{3}{4}$ X-Type Grade A490 \rightarrow Group - B

Prepared by Eng. Maged Kamel. $A_b = \frac{\pi}{4} \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2 = 0.442 \text{ inch}^2$

Specification reference Equation For Nominal Shear

AISC-360-16

16.1-131

6. Tensile and Shear Strength of Bolts and Threaded Parts

The design tensile or shear strength, ϕR_n , and the allowable tensile or shear strength, R_n/Ω , of a snug-tightened or pretensioned high-strength bolt or threaded part shall be determined according to the limit states of tension rupture and shear rupture as:

$$R_n = F_n A_b \quad (J3-1)$$

$$\phi = 0.75 \text{ (LRFD)} \quad \Omega = 2.00 \text{ (ASD)}$$

where

A_b = nominal unthreaded body area of bolt or threaded part, in.² (mm²)

F_n = nominal tensile stress, F_{nt} , or shear stress, F_{nv} , from Table J3.2, ksi (MPa)

F_{nv} Table J3.2

$F_{nv} A_b$
For
shear

We could estimate both LRFD & ASD

For shear J3.2

$$\begin{array}{l} A-490 \\ \text{bolt} \end{array} \left. \begin{array}{l} F_u = 150 \text{ ksi} \Rightarrow (1035 \text{ MPa}) \\ F_{ut} = 0.75 F_u = 0.75 (150) = 112.5 \text{ ksi} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$F_{ut} \approx 113 \text{ ksi} \Rightarrow (780 \text{ MPa})$$

$$[A-490-X] = F_{nv} \rightarrow 0.625 (150) (0.90) (1) = 84.4 \text{ ksi}$$

$$F_{nv} \approx 84 \text{ ksi} \Rightarrow (579 \text{ MPa})$$

F_{nv} For one bolt

$$\phi_b = \frac{3}{4}''$$

X-Type = 84 ksi:

$$\boxed{\phi_b = 0.75} \quad \underline{\text{LRFD}}$$

$$A_b = \frac{\pi}{4} \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2 = \frac{\pi}{64} (9) = 0.4417 \approx 0.442 \text{ inch}^2$$

$$n = 4$$

$$n' = 2$$

There is a Double Shear. For one bolt

$$n n' (F_{nv})(A_b) = (1)(2)(84)(0.442) = 74.256 \text{ kips}$$

$$\phi_b R_{nv} = 0.75(74.256) = 55.692 \text{ kips}$$

$$\phi_b R_{nv} = 4(55.692) = 222.768 \text{ kips}$$

4 bolts

$$\approx 222.80 \text{ kips}$$

F_{nv} For one bolt

$$\phi_b = \frac{3}{4}''$$

ASD

X-Type = 84 ksi:

$$\Omega_b = 2.0$$

$$A_b = \frac{\pi}{4} \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^2 = \frac{\pi}{64} (9) = 0.4417 \approx 0.442 \text{ inch}^2$$

$$n = 4$$

$$n' = 2$$

There is a Double Shear. For one bolt

$$nn'(F_{nv})(A_b) = (1)(2)(84)(0.442) = 74.256 \text{ kips}$$

$$\frac{1}{\Omega_b} R_{nv} = \frac{1}{2} (74.256) = 37.128 \text{ kips}$$

$$\frac{6 R_{nv}}{4 \text{ bolts}} = \frac{2}{4} (37.128) = 148.512 \text{ kips}$$

Case of Double Shear

$F_{ult} = 120 \text{ ksi}$
 $F_u = 150 \text{ ksi}$

ASTM A325
 ASTM A490

TABLE J3.2
Nominal Strength of Fasteners and Threaded Parts, ksi (MPa)

Description of Fasteners	Nominal Tensile Strength, F_{tu} , ksi (MPa) ^(a)	Nominal Shear Strength in Bearing-Type Connections, F_{nv} , ksi (MPa) ^(b)
A307 bolts	45 (310) ^(c)	27 (186) ^{(c)(d)}
Group A (e.g., A325) bolts, when threads are not excluded from shear planes	90 (620)	54 (372)
Group A (e.g., A325) bolts, when threads are excluded from shear planes	90 (620)	68 (469)
Group B (e.g., A490) bolts, when threads are not excluded from shear planes	113 (780)	68 (469)
Group B (e.g., A490) bolts, when threads are excluded from shear planes	113 (780)	84 (579)

X

$F_{nv} = 84 \text{ ksi}$



Group C (e.g., F3043) bolt assemblies, when threads and transition area of shank are not excluded from the shear plane	150 (1040)	90 (620)
Group C (e.g., F3043) bolt assemblies, when threads and transition area of shank are excluded from the shear plane	150 (1040)	113 (779)
Threaded parts meeting the requirements of Section A3.4, when threads are not excluded from shear planes	$0.75F_u$	$0.450F_u$
Threaded parts meeting the requirements of Section A3.4, when threads are excluded from shear planes	$0.75F_u$	$0.563F_u$

^(a) For high-strength bolts subject to tensile fatigue loading, see Appendix 3.

^(b) For end loaded connections with a fastener pattern length greater than 38 in. (950 mm), F_{nv} shall be reduced to 83.3% of the tabulated values. Fastener pattern length is the maximum distance parallel to the line of force between the centerline of the bolts connecting two parts with one faying surface.

^(c) For A307 bolts, the tabulated values shall be reduced by 1% for each 1/16 in. (2 mm) over five diameters of length in the grip.

^(d) Threads permitted in shear planes.

Use Table 7-1 $n = 4$

A490

X-Type

Table 7-1
Available Shear
Strength of Bolts, kips

$d_b = \frac{3}{4}$ "

D.S

Nominal Bolt Diameter, d , in.				$\frac{5}{8}$		$\frac{3}{4}$		$\frac{7}{8}$		1		
Nominal Bolt Area, in. ²				0.307		0.442		0.601		0.785		
ASTM Desig.	Thread Cond.	F_{nv}/Ω (ksi)	ϕF_{nv} (ksi)	Load- ing	r_n/Ω	ϕr_n	r_n/Ω	ϕr_n	r_n/Ω	ϕr_n	r_n/Ω	ϕr_n
		ASD	LRFD		ASD	LRFD	ASD	LRFD	ASD	LRFD	ASD	LRFD
Group A	N	27.0	40.5	S	8.29	12.4	11.9	17.9	16.2	24.3	21.2	31.8
				D	16.6	24.9	23.9	35.8	32.5	48.7	42.4	63.6
Group A	X	34.0	51.0	S	10.4	15.7	15.0	22.5	20.4	30.7	26.7	40.0
				D	20.9	31.3	30.1	45.1	40.9	61.3	53.4	80.1
Group B	N	34.0	51.0	S	10.4	15.7	15.0	22.5	20.4	30.7	26.7	40.0
				D	20.9	31.3	30.1	45.1	40.9	61.3	53.4	80.1
Group B	X	42.0	63.0	S	12.9	19.3	18.6	27.8	25.2	37.9	33.0	49.5
				D	25.8	38.7	37.1	55.7	50.5	75.7	65.9	98.9
A307	-	13.5	20.3	S	4.14	6.23	5.97	8.97	8.11	12.2	10.6	15.9
				D	8.29	12.5	11.9	17.9	16.2	24.4	21.2	31.9

For Group B LRFD
for $\frac{3}{4}$ " $\phi R_{nv} = 55.70$ kips
per bolt
 $\phi R_{nv} = 4(55.70) = 222.80$ kips

ASD For $\frac{3}{4}$ " $\frac{R_{nv}}{\Omega} = 37.10$ kips
per bolt

$$\frac{R_{nv}}{\Omega} = 4(37.10) = 148.40 \text{ kips}$$

D.S ϕr_n

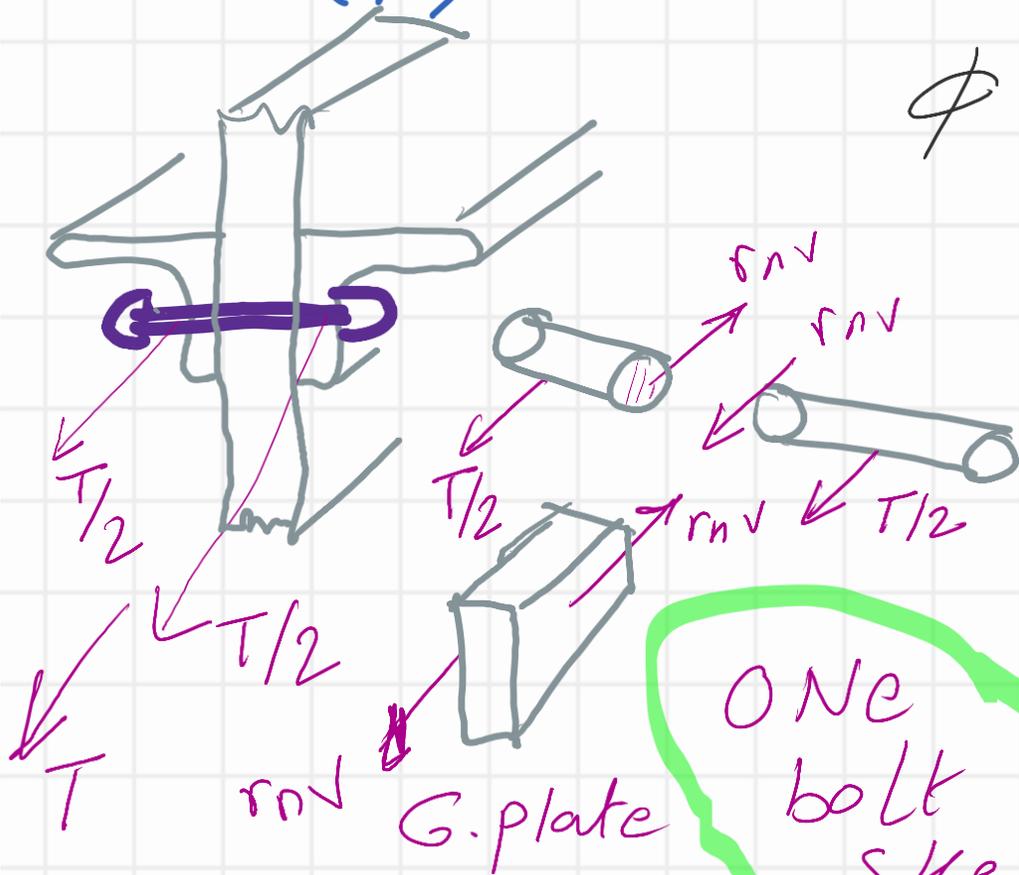
Shear value For 4 bolts From Table 7-1

$$T = F_{nv}(\phi) = 222.80 \text{ Kips} \approx 223 \text{ Kips}$$

$$\phi T = 223 \text{ Kips} \quad \left. \vphantom{\phi T} \right\} \text{LRFD Design}$$

ASD Design

$$\frac{1}{2} T = 148.4 \text{ Kips}$$



ONE
bolt
sketch

This is a part of Author's Solution

The double shear capacity of the four, grade A490, 3/4-in-diameter bolts with threads excluded from the shear planes is

LRFD	ASD
<p>The design shear strength is</p> $\phi_v R_{nv} = 2n\phi_v F_{nv} A_b$ $= 2 \times 4 \times 0.75 \times 84 \times 0.442$ <p>↘ = 223 kips ... governs</p> <p>< 235 kips</p>	<p>The allowable shear strength is</p> $R_{nv} / \Omega_v = 2nF_{nv} A_b / \Omega_v$ $= 2 \times 4 \times 84 \times 0.442 / 2$ <p>↘ = 149 kips ... governs</p> <p>< 157 kips</p>

↘ Bearing part in the next post

Prepared by Eng. Maged Kamel.