

Modified Newton Raphson Method

A simple modification to the standard Newton method for approximating the root of a *Multiple* root function is described and analyzed. For the same number of function and derivative evaluations, the modified method converges faster.

$$x_{i+1} = x_i - \frac{f(x_i)}{f'[x_i + \alpha(x_i) + f(x_i)]}$$

where

$$\alpha(x_i) = -\frac{1}{2f'(x_i)}$$

$$x_{i+1} = x_i - \frac{f(x_i)f'(x_i)}{[f'(x_i)]^2 - f(x_i)f''(x_i)}$$

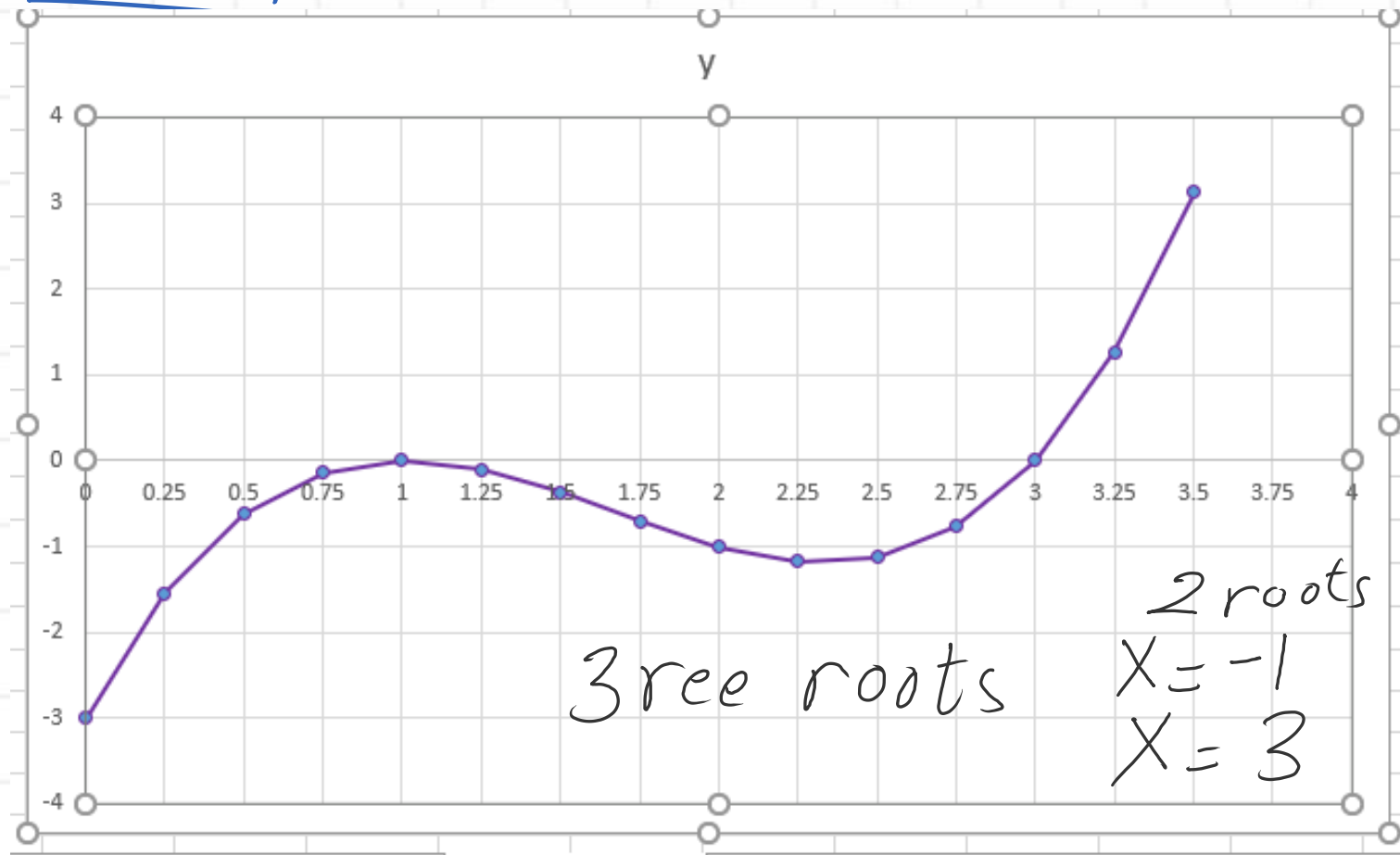
Prepared by Eng.Maged Kamel.

Example# 8 let $f(x) = X^3 - 5X^2 + 7x - 3$ with first choice $x_0=0$.

Find the roots of the given function.

2nd choice $\rightarrow x_0 = 4$

Solution



3 real roots

2 roots

$X = -1$
 $X = 3$

Analytical Solution

$$f(x) = (x-3)(x-1)(x-1)$$

Please refer to the excel graph.

$$(x-3)(x^2 - 2x + 1)$$

Example# 8 let $f(x) = X^3 - 5X^2 + 7x - 3$ with first choice $x_0=0$.
Find the roots of the given function.

modified
Newton-Raphson

$$x_{i+1} = x_i - \frac{f(x_i)f'(x_i)}{[f'(x_i)]^2 - f(x_i)f''(x_i)}$$

$$f'(x) = (3x^2 - 10x + 7)$$

$$f''(x) = (6x - 10)$$

Try $\rightarrow x_0 = 0$

$$f(0) = 0 - 0 + 0 - 3 = -3$$

$$f'(0) = 0 - 0 + 7 = 7$$

$$f''(0) = 6(0) - 10 = -10$$

find $\left. \begin{matrix} f(0) \\ f'(0) \\ f''(0) \end{matrix} \right\}$

$$x_1 = x_0 - \frac{f(0)f'(0)}{[f'(0)]^2 - f(0)f''(0)} = 0 + \frac{21}{19}$$

$$x_1 = 1.1052631$$

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Example# 8 let $f(x) = X^3 - 5X^2 + 7x - 3$ with first choice $x_0=0$

$$x_{i+1} = x_i - \frac{f(x_i)f'(x_i)}{[f'(x_i)]^2 - f(x_i)f''(x_i)}$$

Use $x_1 = 1.105263$

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 - 10x + 7$$

$$f''(x) = 6x - 10$$

We have $x_1 = +1.105263$

$$\begin{aligned} f(1.105263) &= (1.105263)^3 - 5(1.105263)^2 + 7(1.105263) - 3 \\ &= -0.02094 \end{aligned}$$

$$f'(1.105263) \rightarrow = 3(1.105263)^2 - 10(1.105263) + 7 = -6.3878$$

$$f''(1.105263) = 6(1.105263) - 10 = -3.368$$

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Example# 8-Let $f(x) = X^3 - 5X^2 + 7x - 3$ with first choice $x_0=0$

$$x_{i+1} = x_i - \frac{f(x_i)f'(x_i)}{[f'(x_i)]^2 - f(x_i)f''(x_i)}$$

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 - 10x + 7$$

$$f''(x) = 6x - 10$$

We have $x_1 = +1.105263$

Get x_2 value

$$x_2 = +1.105263 - \frac{(-0.02094)(-0.3878)}{[-0.3878]^2 - [-0.02094)(-3.368)]}$$

$x_2 = 1.0000 \Rightarrow$
and so on

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After 4 iteration

modified Newton

$x_0 \rightarrow 1$

$f(1) = 0$

$\rightarrow$ get $x_3 = 1$

	xi	f(x)	f'(x)	f''(x)	Numerator	Denominator	n/d	Xi
x0	0	-3	7	-10	-21	19	-1.10526316	1.105263158
x1	1.1053	-0.020994	-0.3878	-3.368421	0.008142	0.079680174	0.10218149	1.003081664
x2	1.0031	-1.9E-05	-0.0123	-3.98151	2.33E-07	7.57394E-05	0.00307928	1.000002381
x3	1	-8E-12	-8E-06	-3.999988	6.4E-17	3.20006E-11	1.9999E-06	1
x4	1	0	-3E-10	-4	0	1.16925E-19	0	1

$$x_{i+1} = x_i - \frac{f(x_i)f'(x_i)}{[f'(x_i)]^2 - f(x_i)f''(x_i)}$$

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Example# 8 let $f(x) = x^3 - 5x^2 + 7x - 3$ with second choice $x_0=4$

Modified Newton

$$x_{i+1} = x_i - \frac{f(x_i)f'(x_i)}{[f'(x_i)]^2 - f(x_i)f''(x_i)}$$

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 - 10x + 7$$

$$f''(x) = 6x - 10$$

Now try $x_0 = 4$ → change initial point

$$f(4) = 4^3 - 5(4)^2 + 7(4) - 3 = 9$$

$$f'(4) = 3(4)^2 - 10(4) + 7 = 15$$

$$f''(4) = 6(4) - 10 = 14$$

$$x_1 = 4 - \frac{(9)(15)}{(15)^2 - [9](14)}$$

$$x_1 = 2.6363$$

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Example# 8 let $f(x) = X^3 - 5X^2 + 7x - 3$ with first choice $x_0=0$

Modified Newton

$$x_{i+1} = x_i - \frac{f(x_i)f'(x_i)}{[f'(x_i)]^2 - f(x_i)f''(x_i)}$$

$$f'(x) = (3x^2 - 10x + 7)$$

$$f''(x) = (6x - 10)$$

We have $x_1 = 2.6363$

$$f(2.6363) = (2.6363)^3 - 5(2.6363)^2 + 7(2.6363) - 3 = -0.9737$$

$$f'(2.6363) = 3(2.6363)^2 - 10(2.6363) + 7 = 1.4876$$

$$f''(2.6363) = 6(2.6363) - 10 = 5.8184$$

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Example# 8 let $f(x) = x^3 - 5x^2 + 7x - 3$ with first choice $x_0=0$

Modified Newton

$$x_{i+1} = x_i - \frac{f(x_i)f'(x_i)}{[f'(x_i)]^2 - f(x_i)f''(x_i)}$$

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 - 10x + 7$$

$$f''(x) = 6x - 10$$

We have $x_1 = 2.6363$

$$x_2 = 2.6363 - \frac{(-0.9737)(1.4876)}{(1.4876)^2 - (-0.9737)(5.8184)} = 2.8202$$

↓ Continue

it will Converge $\rightarrow x = 3$

↓
 x_2

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For $x_0 = 4$

After 5 iteration

$\downarrow \rightarrow x = 3.00$
5

modified Newton								
	x_i	$f(x)$	$f'(x)$	$f''(x)$	Numerator	Denominator	n/d	X_i
x_0	4	9	15	14	135	99	1.36363636	2.636363636
x_1	2.6364	-0.973704	1.4876	5.818182	-1.448485	7.8781504	-0.18386108	2.820224719
x_2	2.8202	-0.595635	2.6588	6.921348	-1.583647	11.19157449	-0.14150349	2.96172821
x_3	2.9617	-0.147285	3.6982	7.770368	-0.544692	14.82127737	-0.0367507	2.998478702
x_4	2.9985	-0.006076	3.9878	7.990872	-0.02423	15.95139247	-0.00151898	2.999997682
x_5	3.000	-9.27E-06	4	7.999986	-3.71E-05	15.99992583	-2.3179E-06	3

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Example # 8 let $f(x) = X^3 - 5X^2 + 7x - 3$ with first choice $x_0=4$

$$x_1 = x_0 - \frac{f(x_0)}{f'(x_0)}$$

Comparison

$$x_{i+1} = x_i - \frac{f(x_i)f'(x_i)}{[f'(x_i)]^2 - f(x_i)f''(x_i)}$$

Newton-Raphson							
	xi	f(x)	f'(x)	Numerator	Denominator	n/d	Xi
x0	4	9	15	9	15	0.6	3.4
x1	3.4	2.304	7.68	2.304	7.68	0.3	3.1
x2	3.1	0.441	4.83	0.441	4.83	0.091304348	3.00869565
x3	3.0087	0.0350857	4.0698	0.035086	4.069792	0.008621011	3.00007464
x4	3.0001	0.0002986	4.0006	0.000299	4.000597	7.46352E-05	3.00000001
x5	3	2.228E-08	4	2.23E-08	4	5.57062E-09	3
x6	3	0	4	0	4	0	3

modified Newton								
	xi	f(x)	f'(x)	f''(x)	Numerator	Denominator	Numerator / denominator	Xi
x0	4	9	15	14	135	99	1.36363636	2.636363636
x1	2.6364	-0.973704	1.4876	5.818182	-1.448485	7.8781504	-0.18386108	2.820224719
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x4	2.9985	-0.006076	3.9878	7.990872	-0.02423	15.95139247	-0.00151898	2.999997682
x5	3.000	-9.27E-06	4	7.999986	-3.71E-05	15.99992583	-2.3179E-06	3

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Let us compare with Newton-Raphson method

$$X_i = X_0 - \frac{f(x)}{f'(x)}$$

For $X_0 = 0$

$$f(x) = x^3 - 5x^2 + 7x - 3$$

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 - 10x + 7$$

$$f''(x) = 6x - 10$$

$$f(0) = -3$$

$$f'(0) = 7$$

↓

$$X_1 = X_0 - \frac{f(x)}{f'(x)} = 0 - \left(\frac{-3}{7}\right) = +\frac{3}{7} = \underline{0.4285}$$

$$X_2 = 0.4285 - \left[-0.8396 / 3.2653\right] = 0.6857$$

$$f(0.4285) = -0.8396$$

$$f'(0.4285) = 3.2653$$

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$$X_i = X_0 - \frac{f(x)}{f'(x)}$$

For $X_0 = 0$

Newton - Raphson

Newton-Raphson

	xi	f(x)	f'(x)	Numerator	Denominator/d		Xi
x0	→ 0	-3	7	-3	7	-0.428571429	0.42857143
x1	→ 0.4286	-0.83965	3.2653	-0.83965	3.265306	-0.257142857	0.68571429
x2	0.6857	-0.228595	1.5535	-0.228595	1.553469	-0.147151115	0.8328654
x3	0.8329	-0.060537	0.7523	-0.060537	0.75234	-0.080464493	0.91332989
x4	0.9133	-0.015674	0.3692	-0.015674	0.369216	-0.0424534	0.95578329

Let us compare with Newton-Raphson method

$$X_i = X_0 - \frac{f(x)}{f'(x)}$$

For $X_0 = 4$

$$f(x) = x^3 - 5x^2 + 7x - 3$$

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 - 10x + 7$$

$$f''(x) = 6x - 10$$

$$f(4) = 9$$

$$f'(4) = 15$$

↓

$$X_2 = 3.40 - (2.304) / 7.68$$

$$X_2 = 3.10$$

→

$$X_1 = X_0 - \frac{f(x)}{f'(x)} = 4 - (9/15) = 4 - 0.60 = 3.40$$

↘

$$f(3.40) = 2.304$$
$$f'(3.40) = 7.68$$

$$x_i = x_0 - f(x)/f'(x)$$

$$x_0 = 4 \rightarrow x_6 = 3$$

Newton-Raphson

	xi	f(x)	f'(x)	Numerator	Denominat	n/d	Xi
x0	4	9	15	9	15	0.6	3.4
x1	3.4	2.304	7.68	2.304	7.68	0.3	3.1
x2	3.1	0.441	4.83	0.441	4.83	0.091304348	3.00869565
x3	3.0087	0.035086	4.0698	0.035086	4.069792	0.008621011	3.00007464
x4	3.0001	0.000299	4.0006	0.000299	4.000597	7.46352E-05	3.00000001
x5	3	2.23E-08	4	2.23E-08	4	5.57062E-09	3
x6	3	0	4	0	4	0	3