

ENGINEERING MECHANICS

STATICS

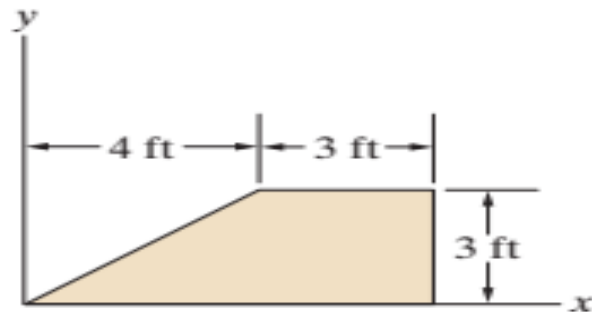
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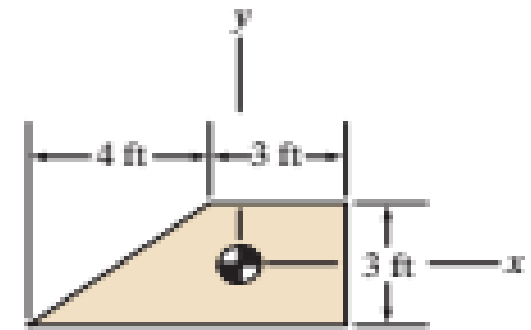
8.41 Determine I_x and k_x

8.42 Determine J_O and k_O .

8.43 Determine I_{xy}



Problems 8.41–8.43



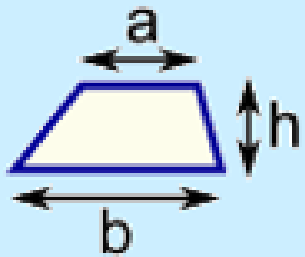
Problems 8.44–8.46

8.47 Determine I_x and k_x

8.48 Determine J_O and k_O .

8.49 Determine I_{xy}

Prepared by Eng.Maged Kamel.



Trapezoid (US)

Trapezium (UK)

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}(a+b) \times h$$

h = vertical height

8.41 Determine I_x and k_x

8.42 Determine J_O and k_O . ←

8.43 Determine I_{xy}

$I_x = 36 \text{ Ft}^4$ From previous post

For 8.42 $J_O = I_x + I_y$, we need to find I_y

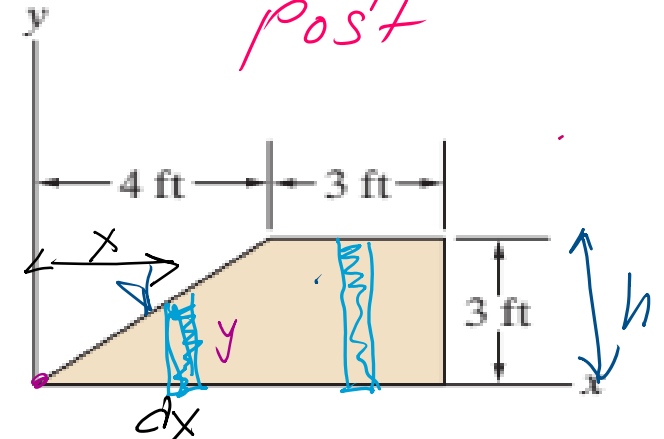
By integration $I_y = I_{y1} + I_{y2}$

$$dI_{y1} = dA(x^2) = (dx)y(x^2)$$

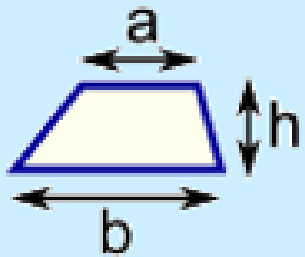
again $\Rightarrow y = \frac{3}{4}x$ $\nearrow dI_{y1} = (\frac{3}{4}x)(x^2)dx = \frac{3}{4}x^3 dx$

$$\int_{x=0}^{x=4} \frac{3}{4} x^3 dx = \frac{3}{4} \left(x^4 \right) \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) = \frac{3}{16} (4)^4 = \frac{3}{16} (16)(16) = 48 \text{ Ft}^4$$

Quick Estimate: $\frac{b^3 h}{4} = \frac{4^3}{4} (3) = 48 \text{ Ft}^4$



Problems 8.41–8.43



Trapezoid (US)

Trapezium (UK)

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}(a+b) \times h$$

h = vertical height

For 8.42 $I_{y2} = \int_0^3 dx (h) (4+x)^2$

$$I_{y2} = h \int (16 + 8x + x^2) dx$$

$$I_{y2} = h \left[16x \Big|_0^3 + \frac{8x^2}{2} \Big|_0^3 + \frac{x^3}{3} \Big|_0^3 \right]$$

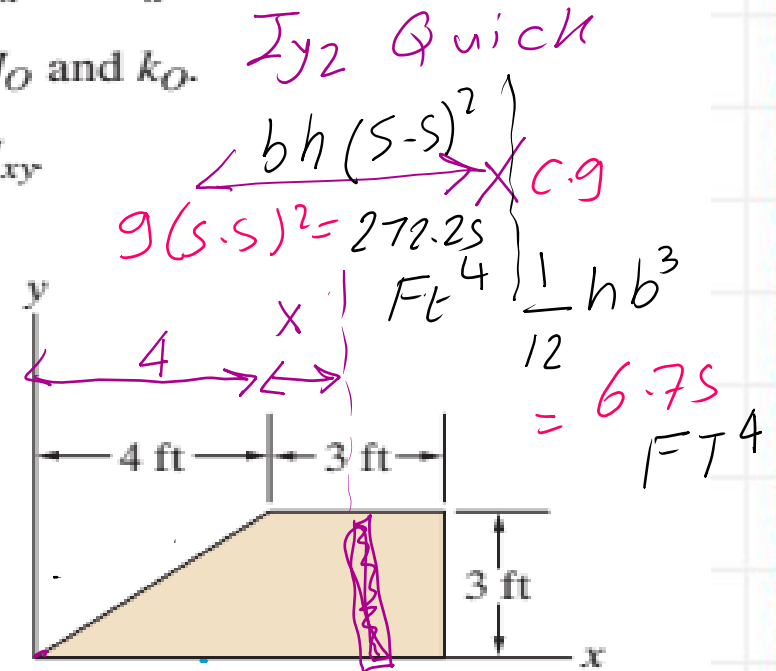
$$3 [48 + (4)(9) + \frac{(27)}{3}] = 3 [48 + 36 + 9] = 279 \text{ Ft}^4$$

or $I_{y2} = \int_4^7 dx h (x)^2 = h \left[\frac{x^3}{3} \right]_4^7 = \frac{3}{3} [7^3 - 4^3] = 279 \text{ Ft}^4$

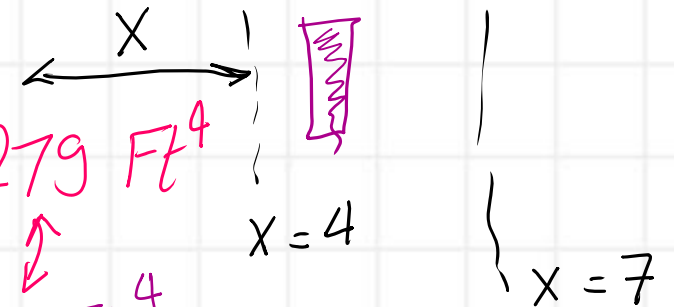
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8.42 Determine J_O and k_O .

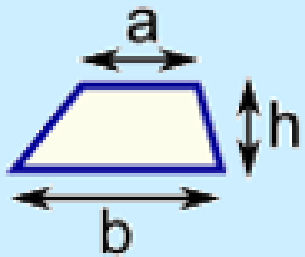
8.43 Determine I_{xy}



Problems 8.41–8.43



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Trapezoid (US)

Trapezium (UK)

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}(a+b) \times h$$

h = vertical height

8.41 Determine I_x and k_x

8.42 Determine J_O and k_O . $\rightarrow$ Left Corner

8.43 Determine I_{xy}

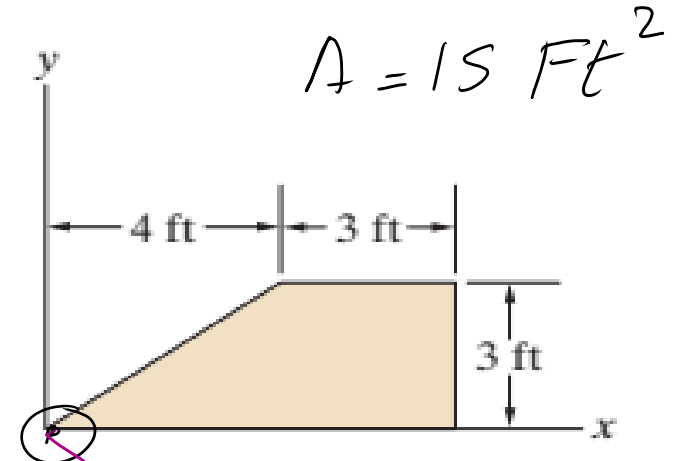
$$I_{x \text{ Final}} = 36 \text{ Ft}^4$$

$$I_{y \text{ Final}} = I_{y1} + I_{y2}$$

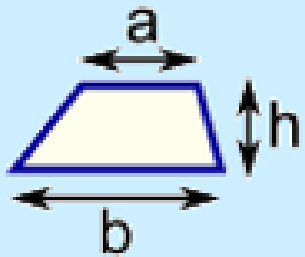
$$= 48 + 279 = 327 \text{ Ft}^4$$

$$J_O = I_x + I_y = 36 + [327] = 363 \text{ Ft}^4$$

$$k_O = \sqrt{\frac{J_O}{A}} = \sqrt{\frac{363}{15}} = 2.218 \text{ Ft}$$



Problems 8.41–8.43



Trapezoid (US)
Trapezium (UK)
 Area = $\frac{1}{2}(a+b) \times h$
 h = vertical height

8.41 Determine I_x and k_x

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8.43 Determine I_{xy}

$$a = 3'$$

$$b - a = 7 - 3 = 4$$

$$b = 7'$$

I_y general expression

$$I_{y1} = \int (dx)(y)(x^2)$$

$$= \int_0^{b-a} \left(\frac{h}{b-a} \right) x^3 dx = \frac{h}{(b-a)} \frac{x^4}{4} = \frac{h}{4} (b-a)^3$$

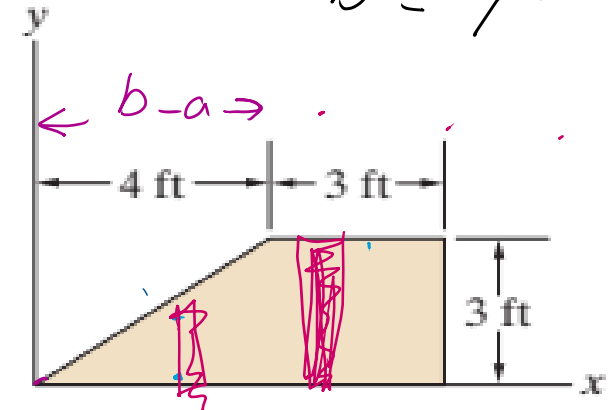
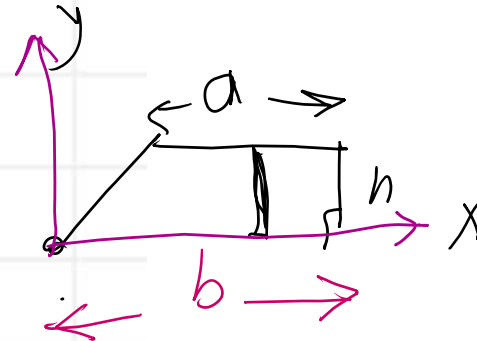
$$I_{y2} = \int_{b-a}^b (dx) h (x^2) = \frac{h}{3} \left[x^3 \right]_{b-a}^b = \frac{h}{3} [(b)^3 - (b-a)^3]$$

$$I_y = \frac{h}{4} (b-a)^3 + \frac{h}{3} [b^3 - (b-a)^3] \Rightarrow \frac{3}{4} (4)^3 + \frac{3}{3} (7^3 - (4)^3) = 48 + 279$$

check

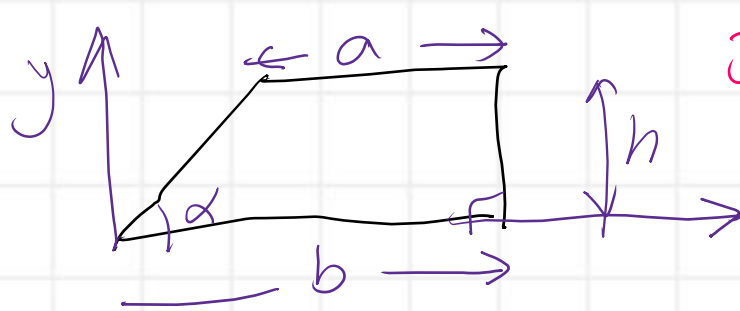
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$$327 \text{ Ft}^4$$

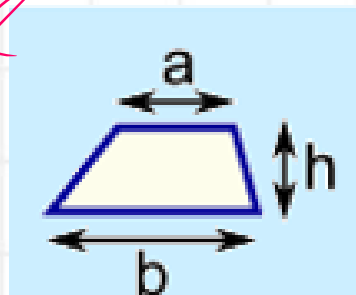


Problems 8.41–8.43

$$y = mx = \left(\frac{h}{b-a} \right) x$$



J_o by general
expression



Trapezoid (US)

Trapezium (UK)

Area = $\frac{1}{2}(a+b) \times h$

h = vertical height

$$J_o = I_x + I_y = \left(\frac{h^3}{12} (3a+b) \right) + \left(\frac{h}{4} (b-a)^3 + \frac{h}{3} [b^3 - (b-a)^3] \right)$$

$$J_o = \frac{h^3}{12} (3a+b) + \frac{h}{12} \left(3(b-a)^3 + 4b^3 - 4(b-a)^3 \right)$$

$$J_o = \frac{h^3}{12} (3a+b) + \frac{h}{12} [4b^3 - (b-a)^3]$$

8.41 Determine I_x and k_x

8.42 Determine J_o and k_o .

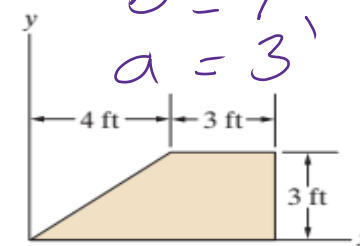
8.43 Determine I_{xy}

$h = 3'$

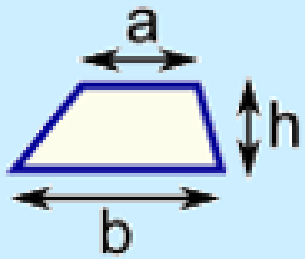
$b = 7'$
 $a = 3'$

$$J_o = \frac{3^3}{12} (9+7) + \frac{3}{12} [4(7^3 - (7-3)^3)] = 36 + 327$$

$$J_o = 363 \text{ Ft}^4$$



Problems 8.41–8.43



Trapezoid (US)

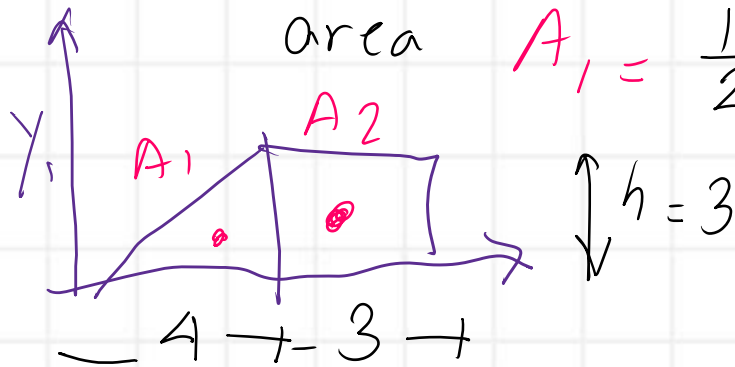
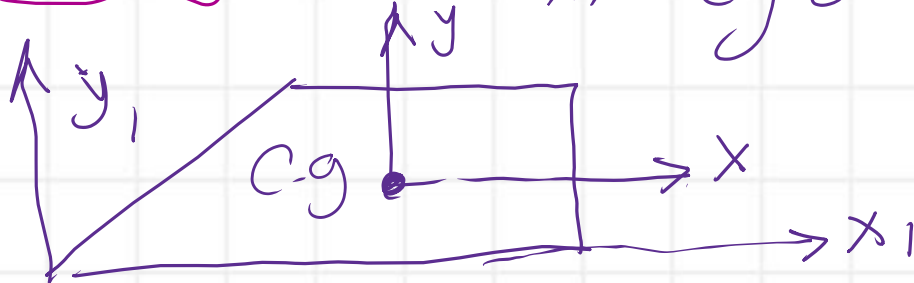
Trapezium (UK)

Area = $\frac{1}{2}(a+b) \times h$
 h = vertical height

J_0 and k_0 at the Cg

Example # 8-48

Find Cg distance to y_1 -axis

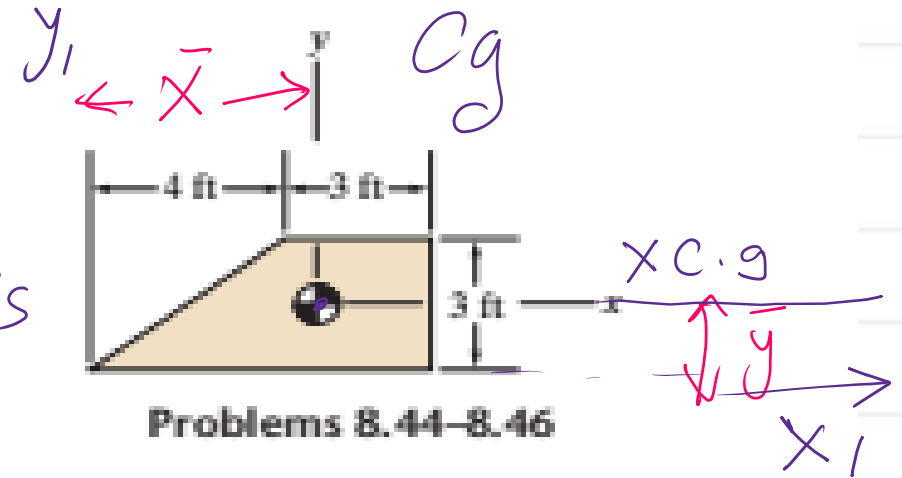


Area $A_1 = \frac{1}{2}(4)(3) = 6 \text{ Ft}^2$

$A_2 = 3(3) = 9 \text{ Ft}^2$

$\bar{X}_1 = \frac{A_1 \bar{x}_1 + A_2 \bar{x}_2}{\sum A} = \frac{6\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)(4) + 9(7-1.50)}{15}$

$\bar{X} = \frac{1}{15} (16 + 49.5) = 4.3667$



Problems 8.44-8.46

8.47 Determine I_x and k_x

8.48 Determine J_0 and k_0

8.49 Determine I_{xy}

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From 8.42

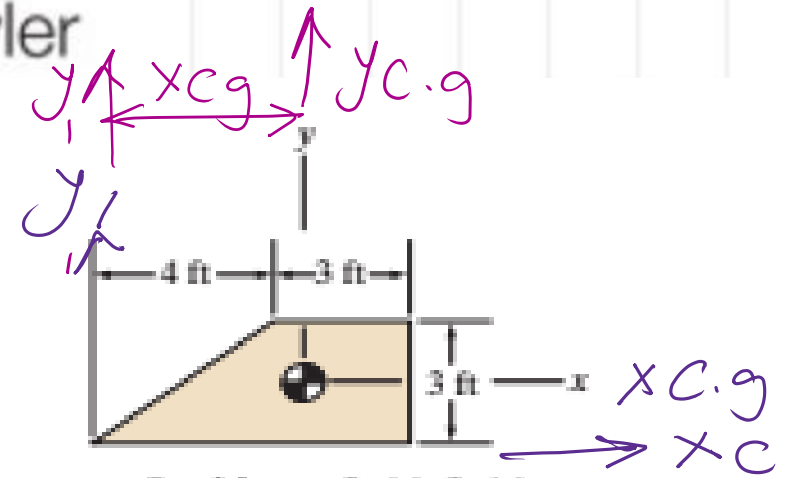
$$I_y \text{ about external axis} \\ = 327 \text{ Ft}^4$$

To get I_y about C.G. deduct $A(\bar{x}_{C.G.}^2)$

$$A = \frac{(3+7)(3)}{2} = 15 \text{ Ft}^2$$

$$\bar{x}_{C.G.}^2 = (4.3667)^2 = 19.068 \text{ Ft}^2$$

$$I_{y_{C.G.}} = 327 - (15)(19.068) \\ = 40.98 \text{ Ft}^2$$



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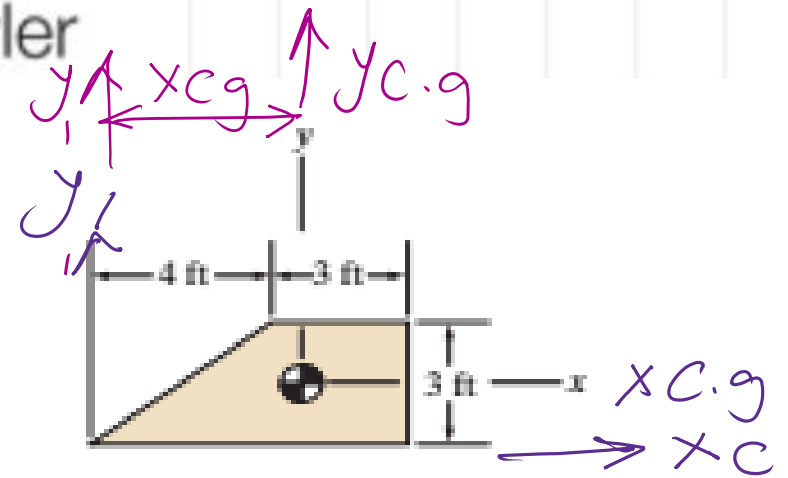
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$$A = 15 \text{ Ft}^2$$

$$J_{O_{C.G.}} = I_{x_{C.G.}} + I_{y_{C.G.}}$$

$$= 10.65 + 40.98 = 51.63 \text{ Ft}^4$$

$$k_O = \sqrt{\frac{J_{O_{C.G.}}}{A}} = \sqrt{\frac{51.63}{15}} = 1.855'$$



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