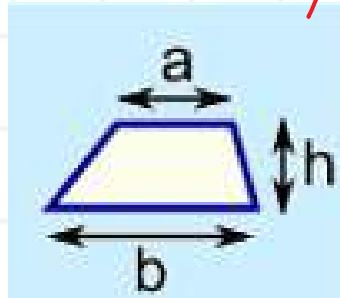


Moment of Inertia I_x for Trapezoid - option - 2

For Trapezoid $abcd$

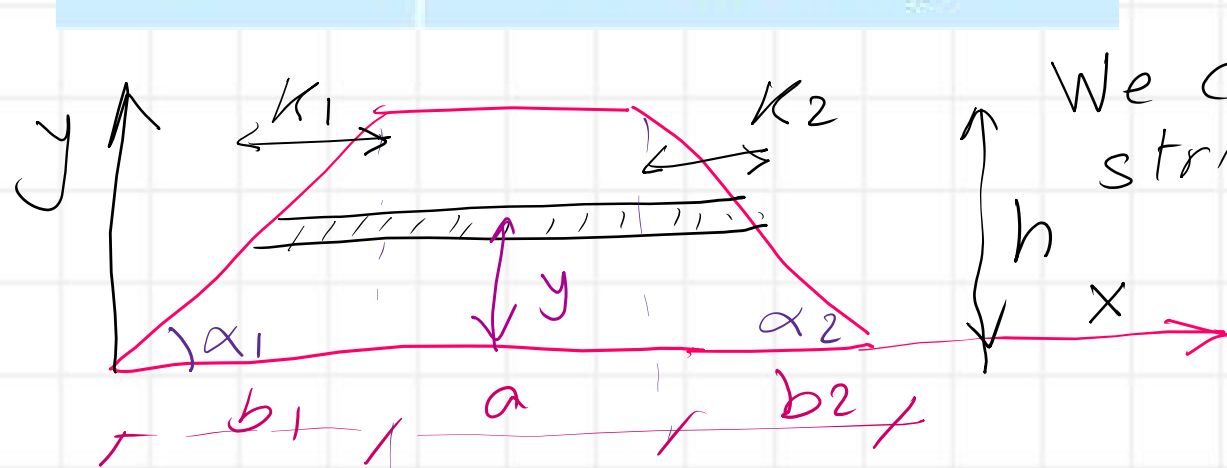
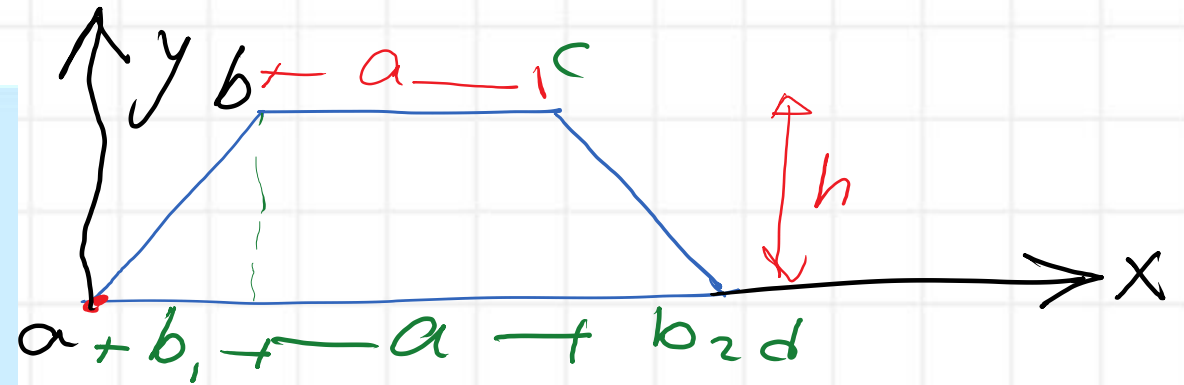


Trapezoid (US)

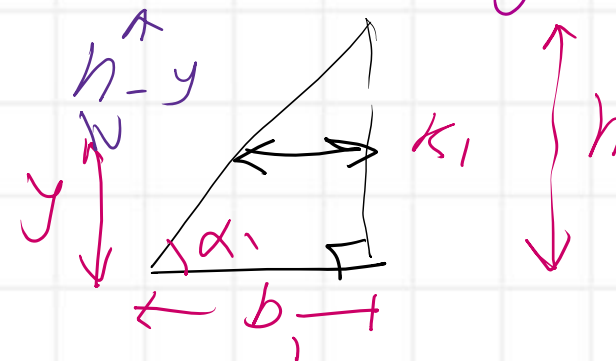
Trapezium (UK)

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}(a+b) \times h$$

h = vertical height



We can consider a horizontal strip of length = $k_1 + a + k_2$, with y distance from x -axis's



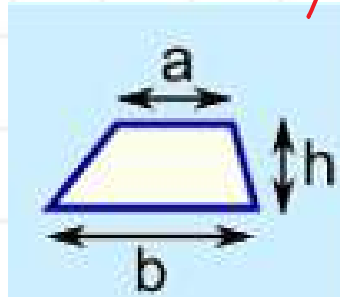
① Estimate k_1 as $\Rightarrow \frac{k_1}{b_1} = \frac{h-y}{h}$

$$k_1 = \frac{b_1}{h} (h-y)$$

Prepared by Eng. Maged Kamel.

Moment of Inertia I_x for Trapezoid - option - 2

For Trapezoid $abcd$

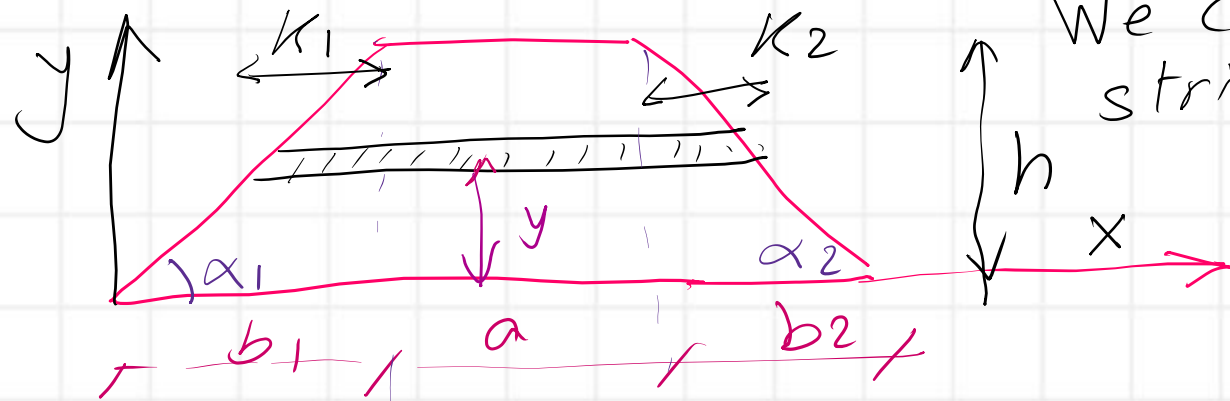
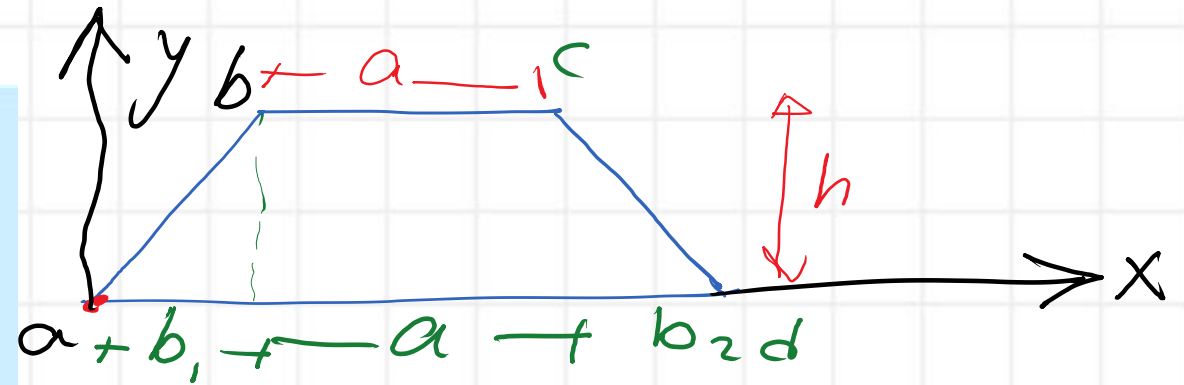


Trapezoid (US)

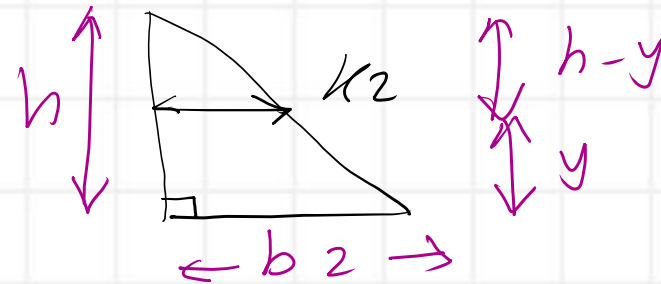
Trapezium (UK)

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}(a+b) \times h$$

h = vertical height



We can consider a horizontal strip of length = $k_1 + a + k_2$ apart by a distance y from x -axis



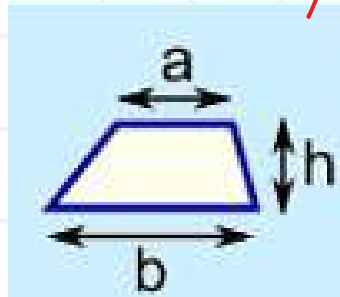
② Estimate k_2 as $\Rightarrow \frac{k_2}{b_2} = \frac{h-y}{h}$

$$k_2 = \left(\frac{h-y}{h} \right) \cdot b_2$$

Prepared by Eng. Maged Kamel.

Moment of Inertia I_x for Trapezoid - option - 2

For Trapezoid $a b c d$

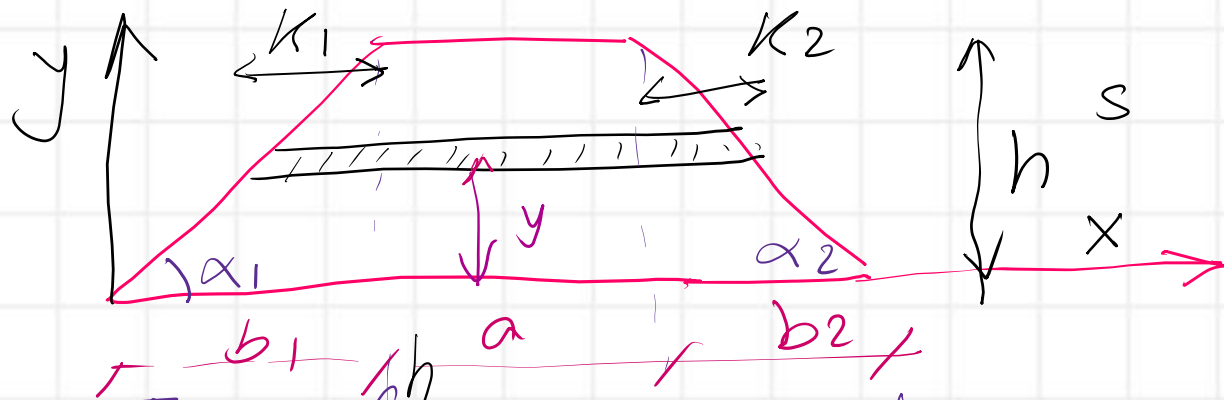
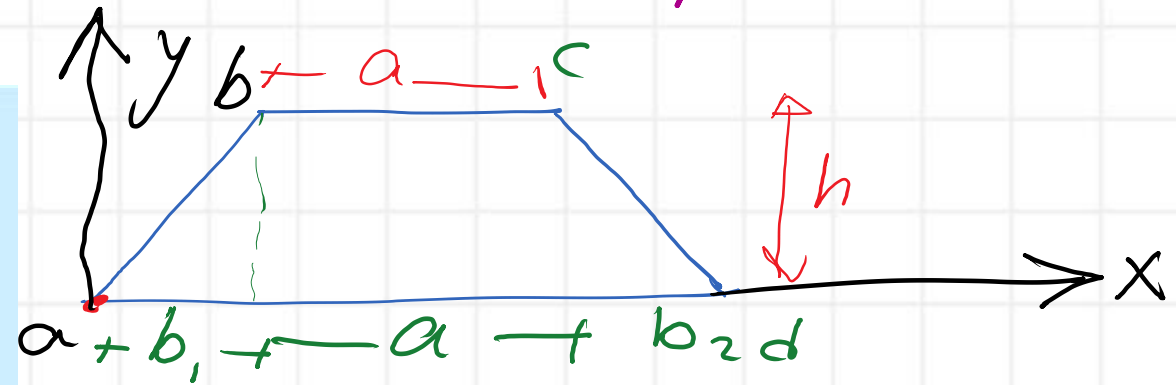


Trapezoid (US)

Trapezium (UK)

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}(a+b) \times h$$

h = vertical height



Integrate from $y = 0$
 $y = h$

$$dI_x = (a + k_1 + k_2) dy (y^2)$$

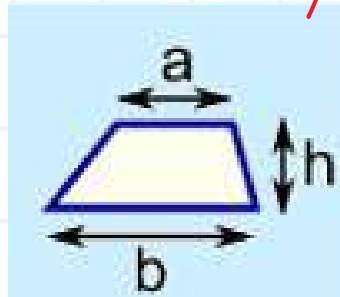
$$I_x = \int_0^h y^2 dy \left(a + \frac{b_1}{h} (h-y) + \frac{b_2}{h} (h-y) \right)$$

$$I_x = \int_0^h \left(\frac{b_1}{h} + \frac{b_2}{h} \right) (h-y) y^2 dy + \int_0^h a y^2 dy$$

Prepared by Eng. Maged Kamel.

Moment of Inertia I_x for Trapezoid Option-2

For Trapezoid $a b c d$

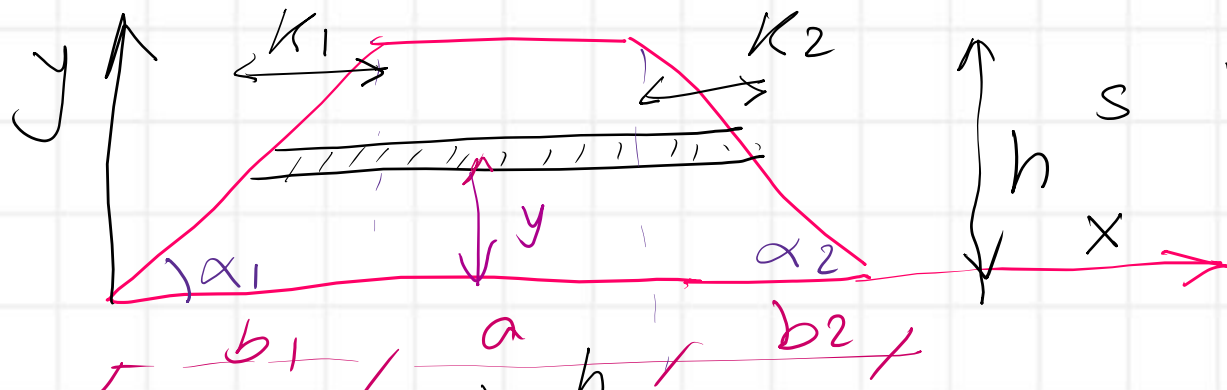
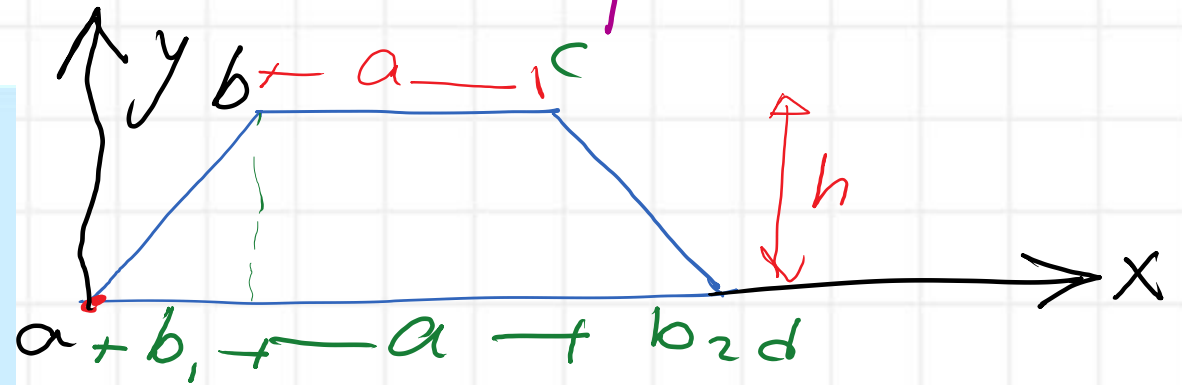


Trapezoid (US)

Trapezium (UK)

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}(a+b) \times h$$

h = vertical height



$$I_{x_1} = \left(\frac{b_1 + b_2}{h} \right) \int_0^h (h y^2 dy - y^3 dy)$$

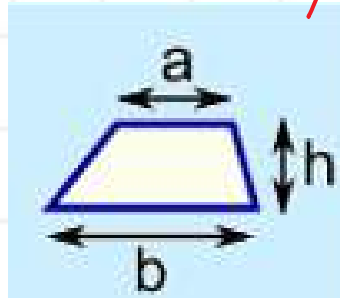
$$I_{x_1} = \left(\frac{b_1 + b_2}{h} \right) \left(h \frac{y^3}{3} \Big|_0^h - \frac{y^4}{4} \Big|_0^h \right) = \frac{b_1 + b_2}{h} \left(\frac{h^4}{3} - \frac{h^4}{4} \right) = \frac{(b_1 + b_2) h^3}{12}$$

Integrate from $y = 0$
 $y = h$

$$I_x = \int_0^h \left(\frac{b_1}{h} + \frac{b_2}{h} \right) (h - y) y^2 dy + \int_0^h a y^2 dy$$

Moment of Inertia I, for Trapezoid - option-2

For Trapezoid $a b c d$

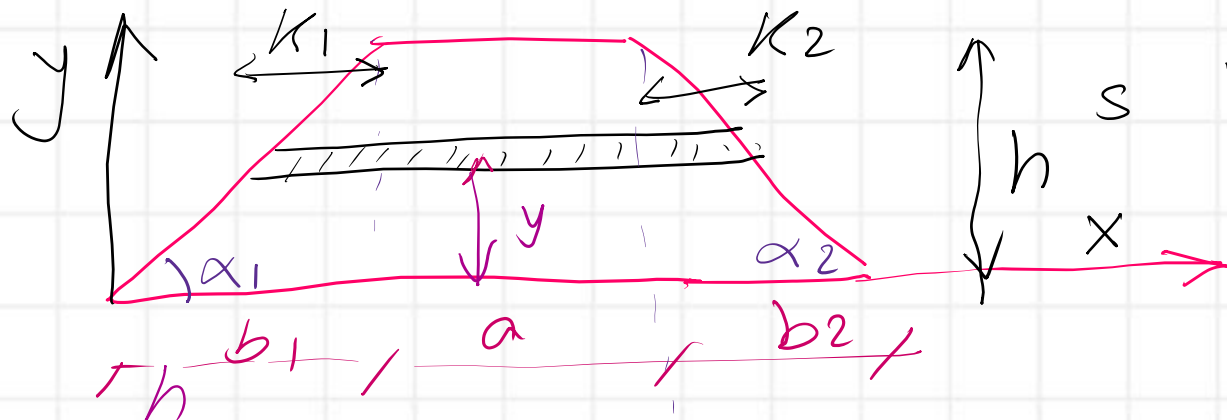
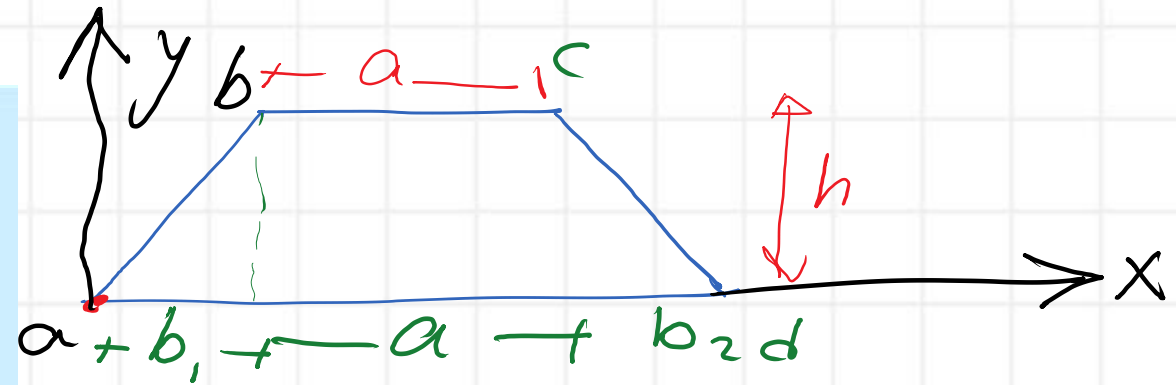


Trapezoid (US)

Trapezium (UK)

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}(a+b) \times h$$

h = vertical height



Integrate from $y = 0$
 $y = h$

$$I_x = \int_0^h \left(\frac{b_1}{h} + \frac{b_2}{h} \right) (h-y) y^2 dy$$

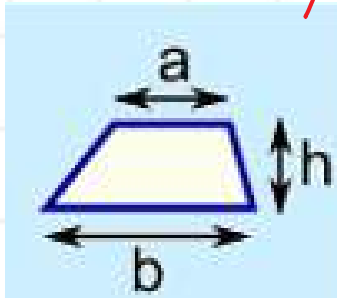
$$+ \int_0^h a y^2 dy$$

$$I_{x_2} = \int_0^h a y^2 dy = a \frac{y^3}{3} \Big|_0^h = \frac{a h^3}{3} = \frac{4 a h^3}{12}$$

Prepared by Eng. Maged Kamel.

Moment of Inertia I_x for Trapezoid option-2

For Trapezoid $a b c d$

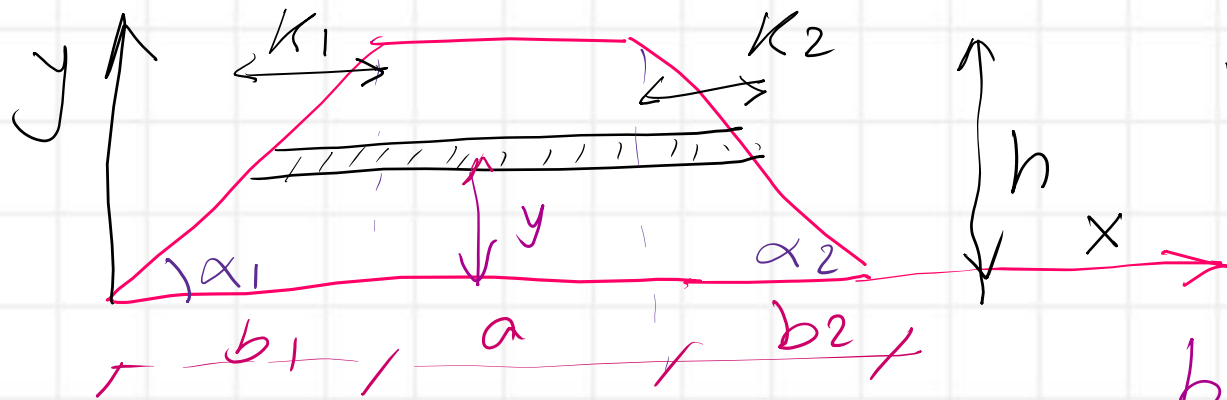
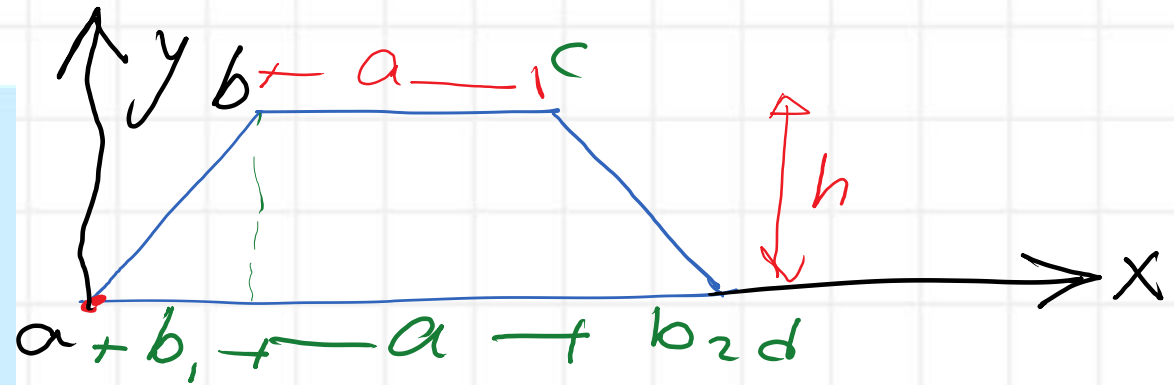


Trapezoid (US)

Trapezium (UK)

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}(a+b) \times h$$

h = vertical height



$$I_x = I_{x1} + I_{x2}$$

$$= \frac{b_1 + b_2}{12} (h^3) + 4 \frac{a h^3}{12}$$

$$b = a + b_1 + b_2$$

$$I_x = \frac{h^3}{12} [b_1 + b_2 + 4a] = \frac{h^3}{12} [(a + b_1 + b_2) + 3a] = \frac{h^3}{12} (b + 3a)$$

final Expression

Prepared by Eng. Maged Kamel.