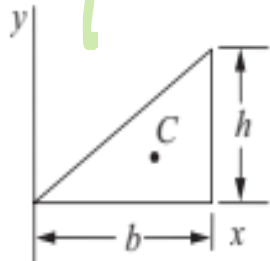


Case - 2

Figure	Area & Centroid	Area Moment of Inertia	(Radius of Gyration) ²	Product of Inertia
	$A = bh/2$ $x_c = 2b/3$ $y_c = h/3$	$I_{x_c} = bh^3/36$ $I_{y_c} = b^3h/36$ $I_x = bh^3/12$ $I_y = b^3h/4$	$r_{x_c}^2 = h^2/18$ $r_{y_c}^2 = b^2/18$ $r_x^2 = h^2/6$ $r_y^2 = b^2/2$	$I_{x_c y_c} = Abh/36 = b^2 h^2 / 72$ $I_{xy} = Abh/4 = b^2 h^2 / 8$

Product of Inertia
$I_{x_c y_c} = Abh/36 = b^2 h^2 / 72$ $I_{xy} = Abh/4 = b^2 h^2 / 8$

I_{xy} at C_g

Exterior axis

2nd method: Product of inertia

Use a hL strip

Case 2 hL width dx
strip ht y from base

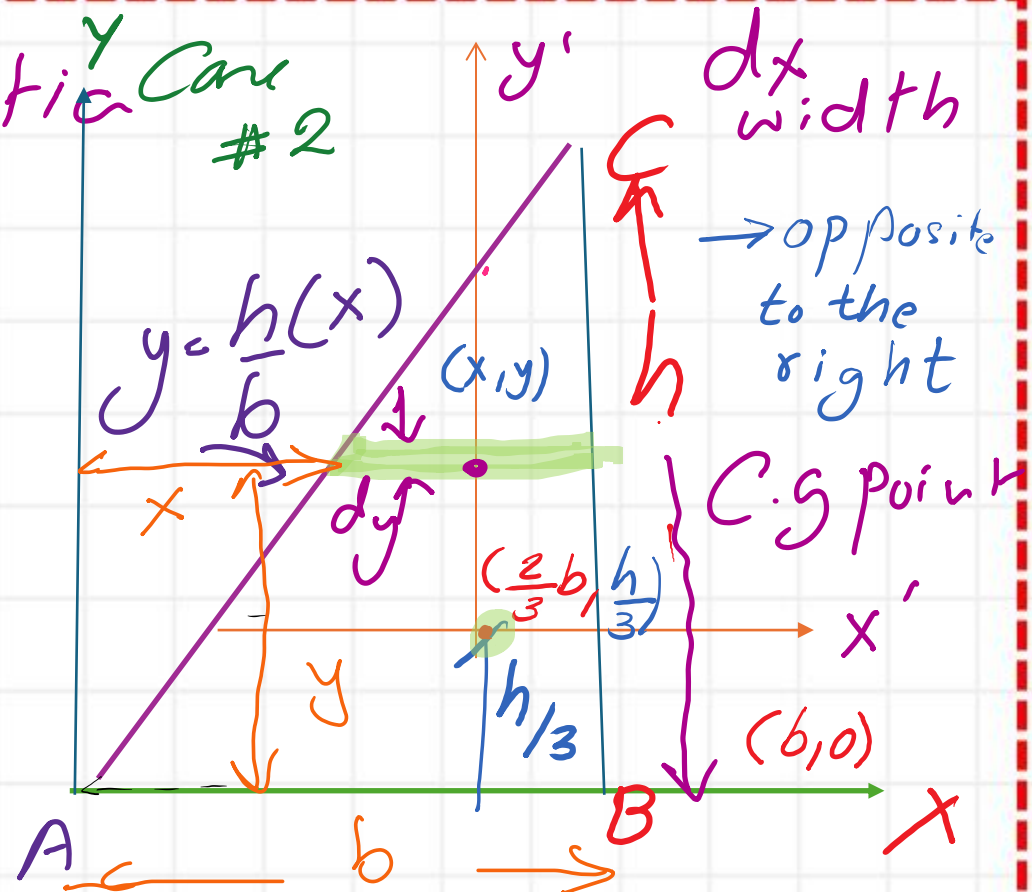
$$dI_{xy} = dA(x)(y)$$

$$dA = (b-x)dy \quad x: (x + \frac{b-x}{2})$$

$$dI_{xy} = (b-x)dy (\frac{b+x}{2})(y)$$

$$dI_{xy} = \frac{1}{2} (b^2 - x^2) y dy = \frac{1}{2} (b^2 - \frac{b^2 y^2}{h^2}) y dy$$

$$\int dI_{xy} = \int \frac{1}{2} b^2 y dy - \int \frac{b^2}{2h^2} y^3 dy$$



$$y = \frac{h}{b}(x) \Rightarrow x = \frac{by}{h}$$

$$x^2 = \frac{b^2 y^2}{h^2}$$

I_{xy} Using a HL Strip

$$dI_{xy} = \int_0^h \frac{1}{2} b^2 y dy - \int_0^h \frac{b^2}{2h^2} y^3 dy$$

$$I_{xy} = \left. \frac{b^2}{2} \frac{y^2}{2} \right|_0^h - \left. \frac{b^2}{2h^2} \frac{y^4}{4} \right|_0^h$$

$$I_{xy} = \frac{b^2}{4} h^2 - \frac{b^2}{2h^2} \left(\frac{h^4}{4} \right) = b^2 h^2 \left(\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{8} \right)$$

$$I_{xy} = b^2 h^2 \left(\frac{1}{8} \right)$$

$\Rightarrow$ Same result
as by using VL strip

I_{xy}
right angle
Case - 2

Product of inertia

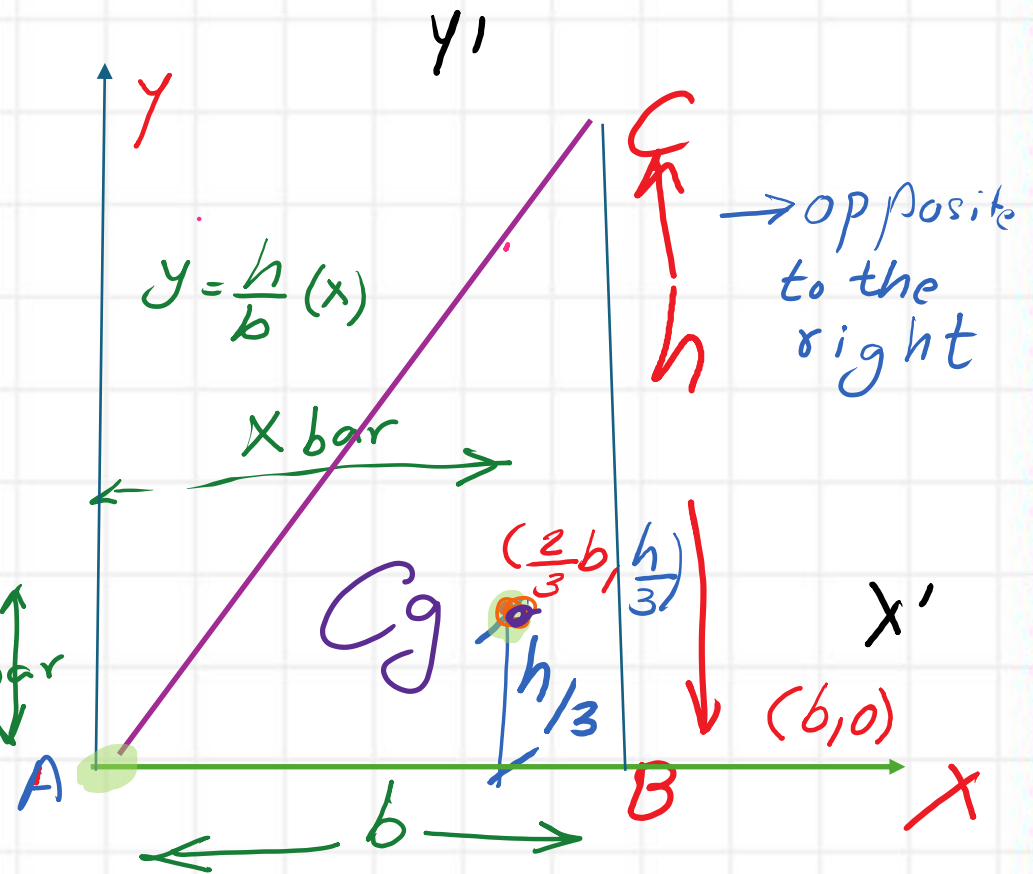
$$I_{xy} = \frac{b^2 h^2}{8} \text{ at Point A}$$

I_{xy} Use $I_{xy} = I_{xy} - A x_{cg} \cdot y_{cg}$

$x_{cg} = \frac{2}{3} b, y_{cg} = \frac{h}{3}$

$$I_{xy} = \frac{b^2 h^2}{8} - \frac{1}{2} (bh) \left(\frac{2}{3} b \right) \left(\frac{h}{3} \right)$$

$$= b^2 h^2 \left(\frac{1}{8} - \frac{1}{9} \right) = \frac{b^2 h^2}{72}$$



C_g Coordinate
 $(\frac{2}{3}b, \frac{h}{3})$

