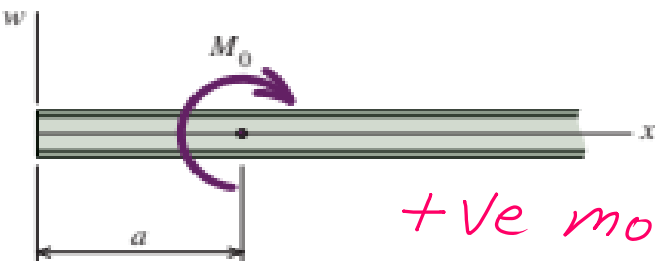
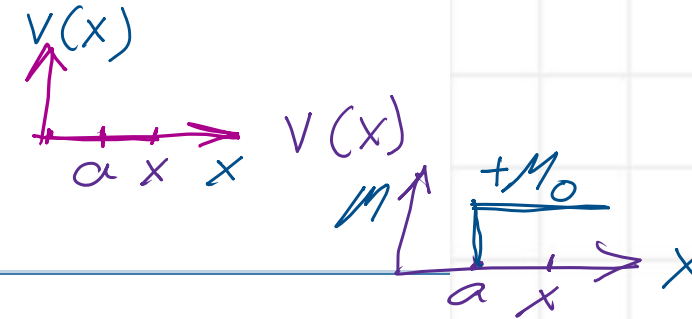
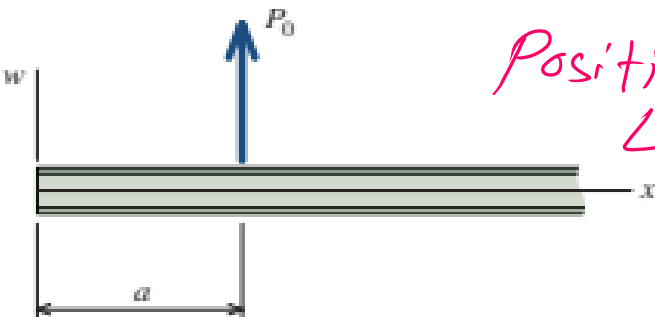
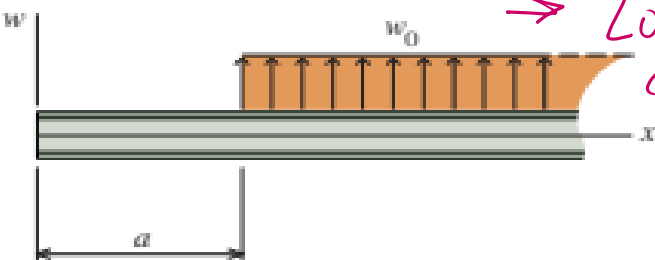


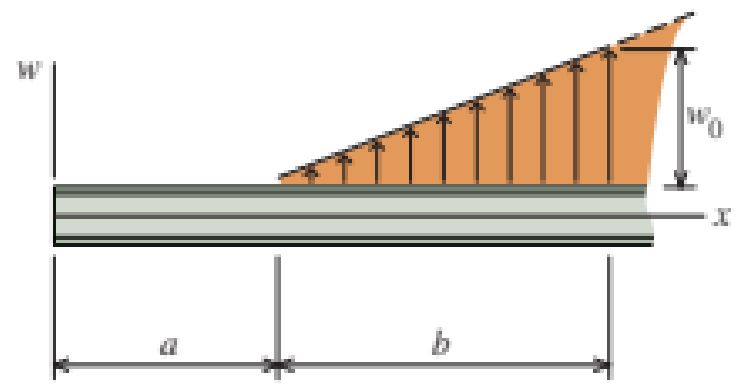
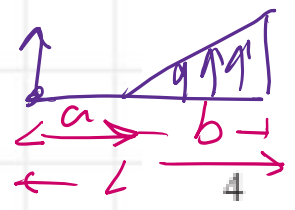
Table 7.2 Basic Loads Represented by Discontinuity Functions

Case	Load on Beam	Discontinuity Expressions
1	 +ve moment	$w(x) = M_0 \langle x - a \rangle^{-2}$ $V(x) = M_0 \langle x - a \rangle^{-1}$ $M(x) = M_0 \langle x - a \rangle^0$ 
2	 Positive Load	$w(x) = P_0 \langle x - a \rangle^{-1} = P_0 \langle x - a \rangle^{-1}$ $V(x) = P_0 \langle x - a \rangle^0 = P_0 \langle x - a \rangle^0$ $M(x) = P_0 \langle x - a \rangle^1 = P_0 \langle x - a \rangle^1$
3	 Load continues	$w(x) = w_0 \langle x - a \rangle^0$ $V(x) = w_0 \langle x - a \rangle^1$ $M(x) = \frac{w_0}{2} \langle x - a \rangle^2$ Macaulay

Hand-drawn diagram for Case 3 showing a distributed load starting at x=a and continuing to the right.

Load Continues

Mechanics of Materials_ An Integrated Learning System

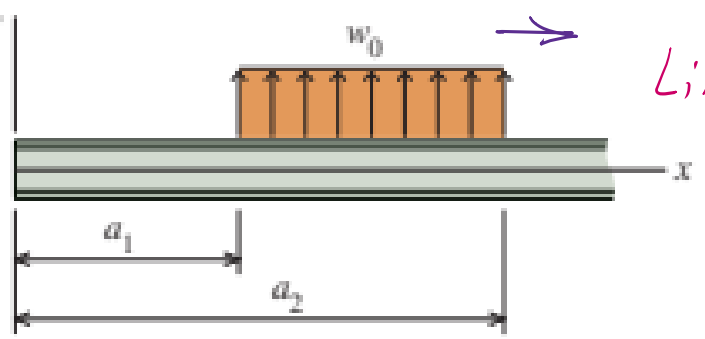
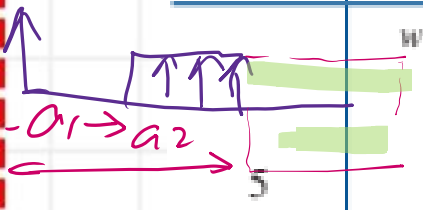


$$w(x) = \frac{w_0}{b} \langle x - a \rangle^1$$

$$V(x) = \frac{w_0}{2b} \langle x - a \rangle^2$$

$$M(x) = \frac{w_0}{6b} \langle x - a \rangle^3$$

Macaulay's



Limited width

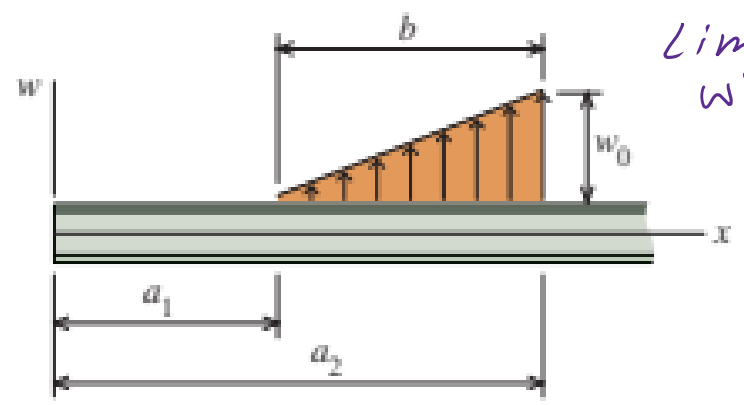
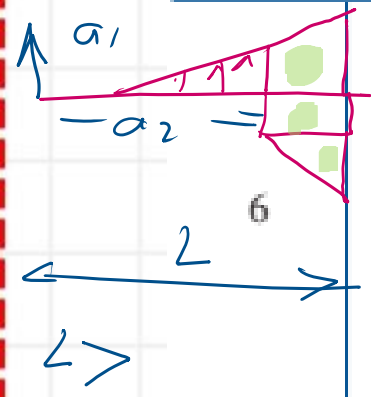
$$w(x) = w_0 \langle x - a_1 \rangle^0 - w_0 \langle x - a_2 \rangle^0$$

$$V(x) = w_0 \langle x - a_1 \rangle^1 - w_0 \langle x - a_2 \rangle^1$$

$$M(x) = \frac{w_0}{2} \langle x - a_1 \rangle^2 - \frac{w_0}{2} \langle x - a_2 \rangle^2$$

Deduct

Macaulay's



Limited width

$$w(x) = \frac{w_0}{b} \langle x - a_1 \rangle^1 - \frac{w_0}{b} \langle x - a_2 \rangle^1 - w_0 \langle x - a_2 \rangle^0$$

$$V(x) = \frac{w_0}{2b} \langle x - a_1 \rangle^2 - \frac{w_0}{2b} \langle x - a_2 \rangle^2 - w_0 \langle x - a_2 \rangle^1$$

$$M(x) = \frac{w_0}{6b} \langle x - a_1 \rangle^3 - \frac{w_0}{6b} \langle x - a_2 \rangle^3 - \frac{w_0}{2} \langle x - a_2 \rangle^2$$

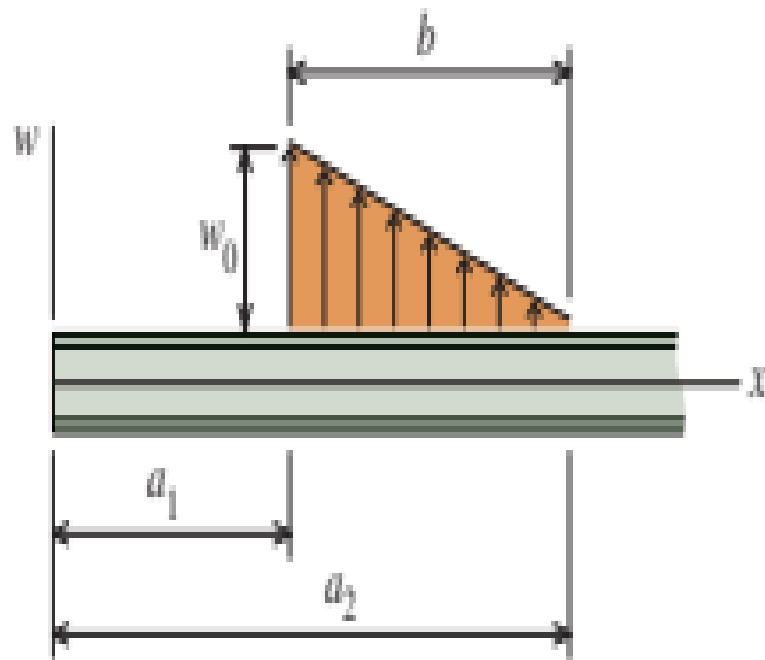
Deduct

deduct



Mechanics of Materials_ An Integrated Learning System

7

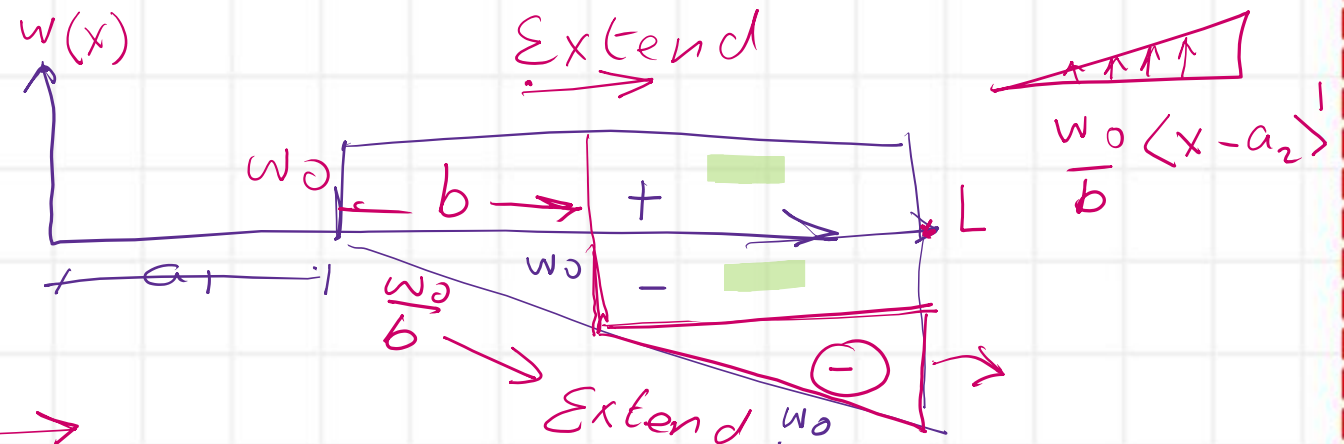
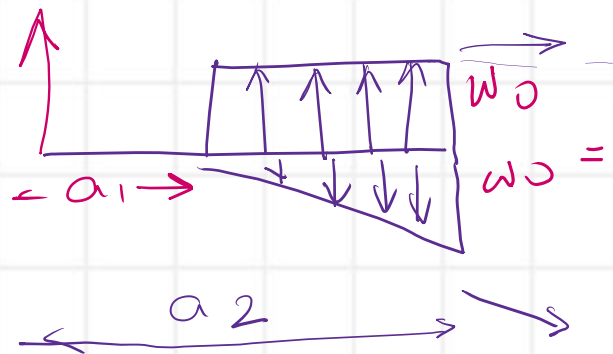


$$w(x) = w_0 \langle x - a_1 \rangle^0 - \frac{w_0}{b} \langle x - a_1 \rangle^1 + \frac{w_0}{b} \langle x - a_2 \rangle^1$$

$$V(x) = w_0 \langle x - a_1 \rangle^1 - \frac{w_0}{2b} \langle x - a_1 \rangle^2 + \frac{w_0}{2b} \langle x - a_2 \rangle^2$$

$$M(x) = \frac{w_0}{2} \langle x - a_1 \rangle^2 - \frac{w_0}{6b} \langle x - a_1 \rangle^3 + \frac{w_0}{6b} \langle x - a_2 \rangle^3$$

Limited width



P7.32–P7.42 For the beams and loadings shown in Figures P7.32–P7.42,

- use discontinuity functions to write the expression for $w(x)$; include the beam reactions in this expression.
- integrate $w(x)$ twice to determine $V(x)$ and $M(x)$.
- use $V(x)$ and $M(x)$ to plot the shear-force and bending-moment diagrams.

Cases 1, 2, 5

(A) C.L
(B) Moment

(C) U.L with Limited width + h

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$$\sum X = 0 \Rightarrow A_x = 0$$

$$\sum Y = 0$$

$$A_y + E_y = 3000 + 800(7) = 8600 \text{ Lb}$$

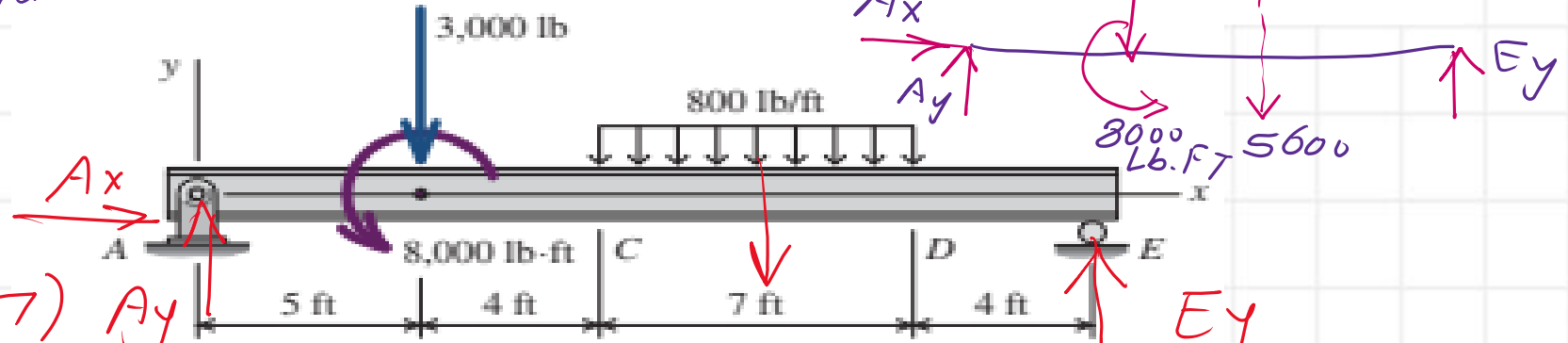


FIGURE P7.38



$$\sum M_E = 0$$

$$-A_y(20) + 8000 + 3,000(15) + 5600(7.5) = 0$$

$$A_y = \frac{(8000 + 45000 + 42000)}{20} = 4750 \text{ Lb}$$

$$E_y = 8600 - 4750 = 3850 \text{ Lb}$$

Prepared by Eng. Maged Kamel.

Cases 1, 2, 5

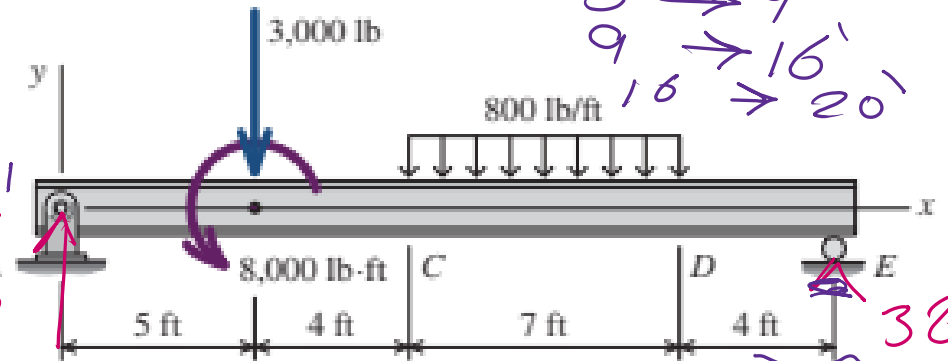
Case ① Concentrated moment
Case ② Concentrated Load

Case 5: Partially Loaded U.L

$$W(x) = 4750 \langle x-0 \rangle^{-1} - 3000 \langle x-5 \rangle^{-1} - 8000 \langle x-5 \rangle^{-2} - 800 \langle x-9 \rangle^{-1} + 800 \langle x-16 \rangle^{-1} + 3850 \langle x-20 \rangle^{-1}$$

4750
ignored lb

FIGURE P7.38

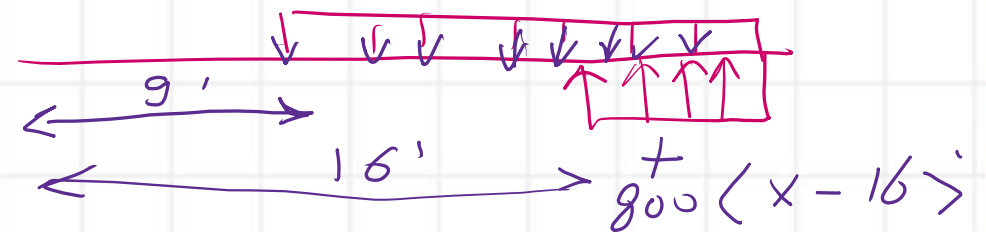


0	→	5'
5	→	9'
9	→	16'
16	→	20'

$$V(x) = 4750 \langle x-0 \rangle^0 - 3000 \langle x-5 \rangle^0 - 8000 \langle x-5 \rangle^{-1} - 800 \langle x-9 \rangle^0 + 800 \langle x-16 \rangle^0 + 3850 \langle x-20 \rangle^0$$

ignored

=



P7.32–P7.42 For the beams and loadings shown in Figures P7.32–P7.42,

- use discontinuity functions to write the expression for $w(x)$; include the beam reactions in this expression.
- integrate $w(x)$ twice to determine $V(x)$ and $M(x)$.
- use $V(x)$ and $M(x)$ to plot the shear-force and bending-moment diagrams.

$$M(x) = 4750 \langle x-0 \rangle' - 3000 \langle x-5 \rangle' - 8000 \langle x-5 \rangle'' - \frac{800}{2} \langle x-9 \rangle^2 + \frac{800}{2} \langle x-16 \rangle^2 + [3850 \langle x-20 \rangle']$$

↑ +ve

Parts

Ⓐ, Ⓑ

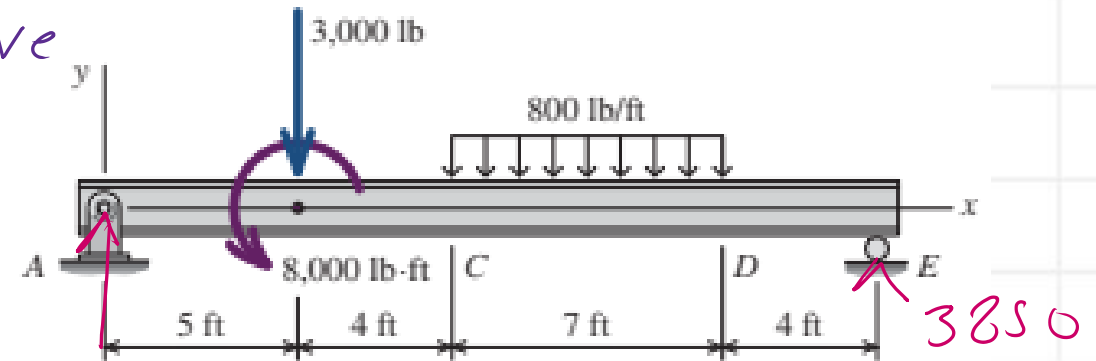
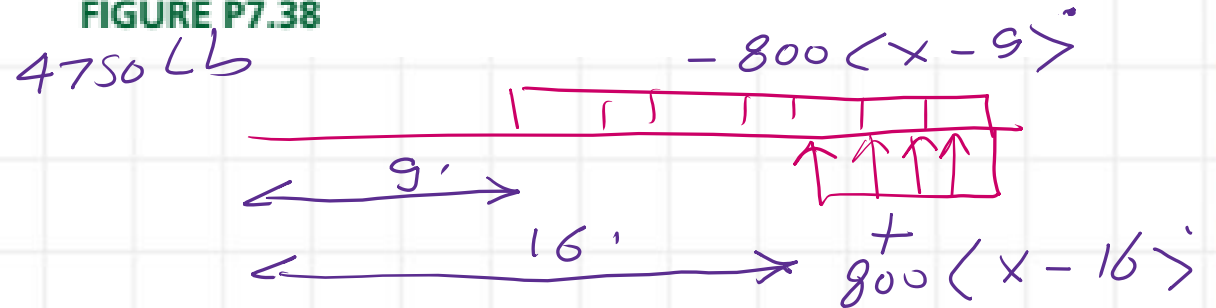


FIGURE P7.38



$$V(x) = 4750 \langle x-0 \rangle - 3000 \overset{C.L}{\langle x-5 \rangle} - 8000 \overset{C.M}{\langle x-5 \rangle} - 800 \langle x-9 \rangle + 800 \langle x-16 \rangle + 3850 \overset{\text{ignored}}{\langle x-20 \rangle}$$

$$V(x=0^+) = 4750(1) - 0 - 0 - 0 + 0 = 4750 \text{ Lb}$$

$$V(x=3) = 4750(1) - 0 - 0 = 4750 \text{ Lb}$$

$$V(x=5^-) = 4750(1) = 4750 \text{ Lb}$$

$$V(x=7) = 4750(7) - 3000(2) = 1750 \text{ Lb}$$

$$V(x=9) = 4750(9) - 3000(4) = 1750 \text{ Lb}$$

$$V(x=10) = 4750(10) - 3000(5) - 800(1) = 1750 - 800 = 950 \text{ Lb}$$

$$V(x=11) = 4750(11) - 3000(6) - 800(2) = 1750 - 1600 = 150 \text{ Lb}$$

$$4750 - 3000 - 800(x-9) = 0$$

$$800(x-9) = 1750 \Rightarrow x = 11.1875 \text{ (max)}$$

$$0 \rightarrow \leq 5 \quad x \geq 5' < 9'$$

$$V(x=5^+) = 4750 - 3000 = 1750 \text{ Lb}$$

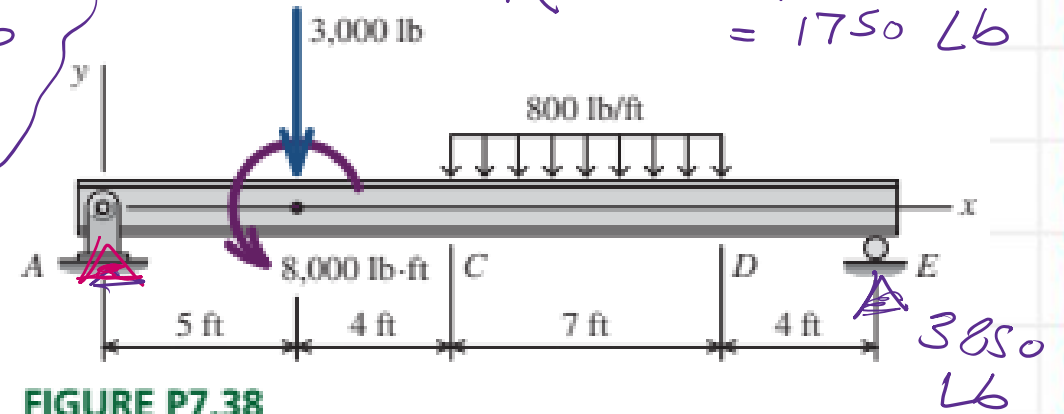


FIGURE P7.38

800 Lb drop

$$x \geq 9' < 16'$$

Prepared by Eng. Maged Kamel.

$$V(x) = 4750 \langle x-0 \rangle - 3000 \langle x-5 \rangle - 8000 \langle x-5 \rangle' - 800 \langle x-9 \rangle' + 800 \langle x-16 \rangle' + 3850 \langle x-20 \rangle'$$

ignored

$$V(x=12) = 4750(12) - 3000(7) - 800(3)' + 0 = 1750 - 2400 = -650 \text{ Lb}$$

$$V(x=15) = 4750(15) - 3000(10) - 800(6)' + 0 = 1750 - 4800 = -3050 \text{ Lb}$$

$$V(x=16) = 4750(16) - 3000(11) - 800(7)' = 1750 - 5600 = -3850 \text{ Lb}$$

$$V(x=18) = 4750(18) - 3000(13) - 800(9)' + 800(2)'$$

$$= 1750 - 7200 + 1600 = -3850 \text{ Lb}$$

$$V(x=20) = 4750(20) - 3000(15) - 800(11)' + 800(4)' = 1750 - 8800 + 3200 = -3850 \text{ Lb} = D_y$$

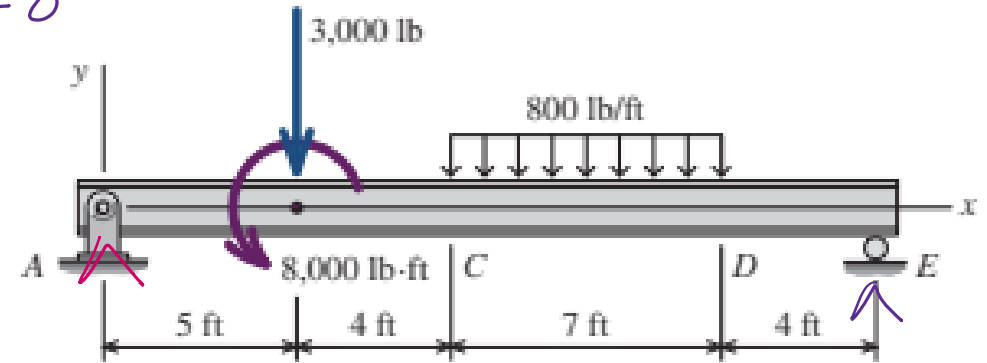


FIGURE P7.38

4750 Lb
(x=0)

3850 Lb
(x=20')

Prepared by Eng. Maged Kamel.

$$M(x) = 4750 \langle x-0 \rangle^1 - 3000 \langle x-5 \rangle^1 - 8000 \langle x-5 \rangle^0 - \frac{800}{2} \langle x-9 \rangle^2 + \frac{800}{2} \langle x-16 \rangle^2 + 3850 \langle x-20 \rangle^0$$

$$M(x=0) = 4750(0) - 0 - 0 - 0 + 0 = 0 \text{ Lb. FT}$$

$$M(x=3) = 4750(3) - 0 - 0 = 14250 \text{ Lb. FT}$$

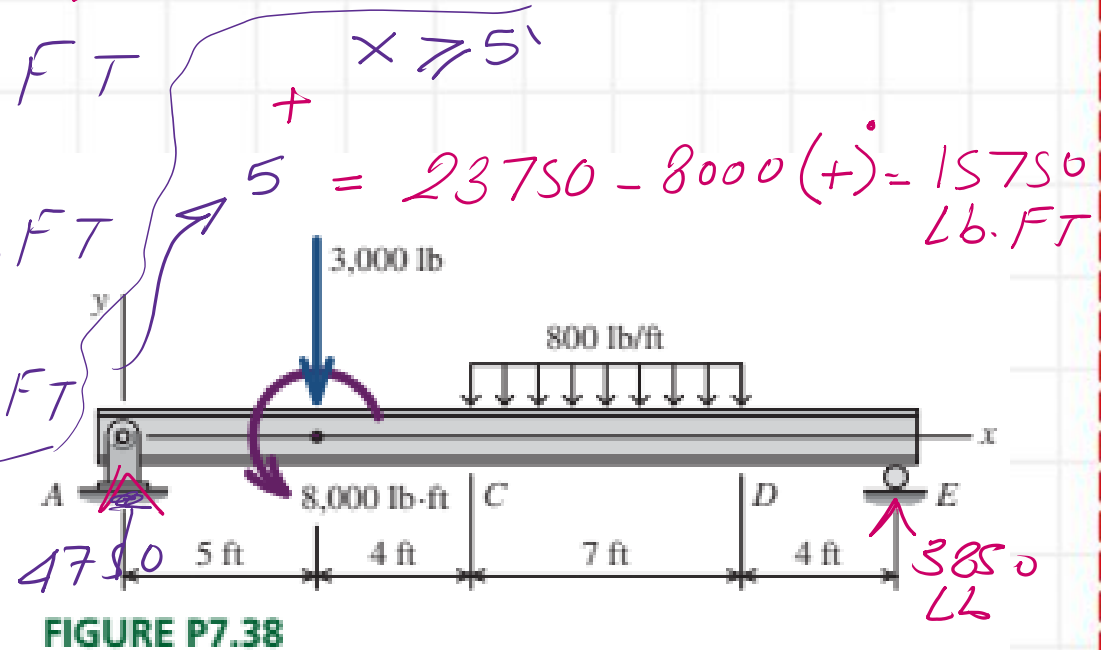
$$M(x=5) = 4750(5) - 0 - 0 = 23750 \text{ Lb. FT}$$

$$M(x=7) = 4750(7) - 3000(2) - 8000(2)$$

$$M(x=7) = 33250 - 6000 - 8000 = 19250 \text{ Lb. FT}$$

$$M(x=9) = 4750(9) - 3000(4) - 8000(4) = 22750 \text{ Lb. FT}$$

$$M(x=11) = 4750(11) - 3000(6) - 8000(6) - \frac{800}{2}(2)^2 = 24650 \text{ Lb. FT}$$



Prepared by Eng. Maged Kamel.

$$M(x) = 4750 \langle x - 0 \rangle^1 - 3000 \langle x - 5 \rangle^1 - 8000 \langle x - 5 \rangle^0 - \frac{800}{2} \langle x - 9 \rangle^2 + \frac{800}{2} \langle x - 16 \rangle^2 + 3850 \langle x - 20 \rangle^1$$

$$M(x=12) = 4750(12) - 3000(7) - 8000(7) - 400(3)^2 + 0 = +24400 \text{ lb. FT}$$

$$M(x=14) = 4750(14) - 3000(9) - 8000(9) - 400(5)^2 + 0 = 21500 \text{ lb. FT}$$

$$M(x=16) = 4750(16) - 3000(11) - 8000(11) - 400(7)^2 + 0 = 15400 \text{ lb. FT}$$

$$M(x=18) = 4750(18) - 3000(13) - 8000(13) - 400(9)^2 + 400(2)^2 \longrightarrow = 7700 \text{ lb. FT}$$

$$M(x=20) = 4750(20) - 3000(15) - 8000(15) - 400(11)^2 + 400(4)^2 = 0$$

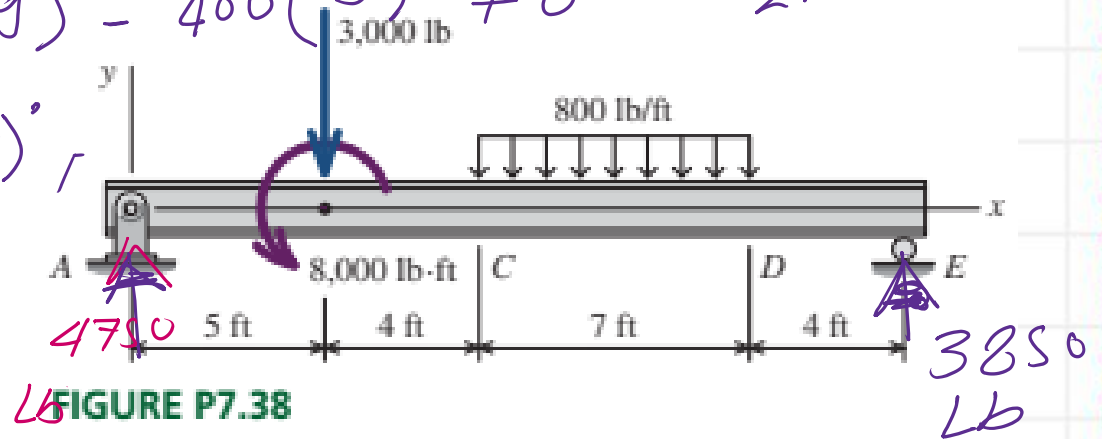
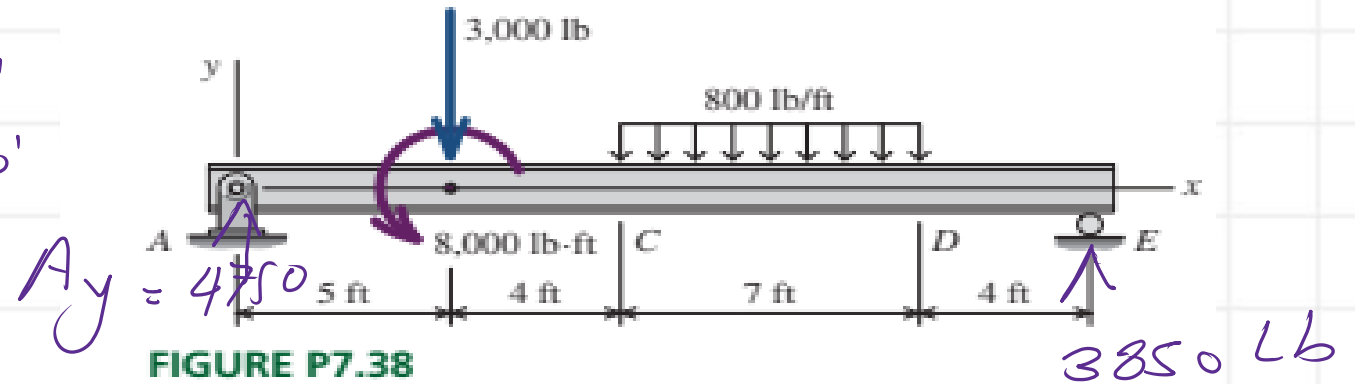


FIGURE P7.38

	A	B	C
1	Ay+Ey	8600 Lb	
2			
3			
4	Ay	4750 Lb	
5	Ey	3850 lb	
6			
7			
8	Ey	3850 lb	
9			
10			
11			
12	A	B	C
13	Distance x (FT)	Shear V(x)-Lb	Moment in lb-Ft
14	0	4750	0
16	2	4750	9500
17	3	4750	14250
18	4	4750	19000
19	5	4750	23750
20	5	1750	15750
21	6	1750	17500
22	7	1750	19250
23	8	1750	21000
24	9	1750	22750
25	10	950	24100
26	11	150	24650
27	11.1875	0	24664.06
28	12	-650	24400
29	13	-1450	23350
30	14	-2250	21500

$0 \rightarrow 5'$
 $5' \rightarrow 9'$
 $9' \rightarrow 16'$
 $16' \rightarrow 20'$



Drop at $x=5'$
 Change in slope at $x=9'$

$x=5'$

=

No =

$B_{19} = \text{IF}(\text{AND}(0 \leq A19, A19 \leq 5), 4750, \text{IF}(\text{AND}(5 < A19, A19 \leq 9), 4750 - 3000, \text{IF}(\text{AND}(9 < A19, A19 \leq 16), 4750 - 3000 - 800 * (A19 - 9), \text{IF}(\text{AND}(16 < A19, A19 \leq 20), 4750 - 3000 - 800 * (A19 - 9) + 800 * (A19 - 16), 0))))$

No =

=

$x=5'$
 B_{20}

$= \text{IF}(\text{AND}(0 \leq A20, A20 < 5), 4750, \text{IF}(\text{AND}(5 \leq A20, A20 \leq 9), 4750 - 3000, \text{IF}(\text{AND}(9 < A20, A20 \leq 16), 4750 - 3000 - 800 * (A20 - 9), \text{IF}(\text{AND}(16 < A20, A20 \leq 20), 4750 - 3000 - 800 * (A20 - 9) + 800 * (A20 - 16), 0))))$

	A	B	C
1	Ay+Ey	8600 Lb	
2			
3			
4	Ay	4750 Lb	
5	Ey	3850 lb	
6			
7			
8	Ey	3850 lb	
9			

	A	B	C
13	Distance x (FT)	Shear V(x)-Lb	Moment in lb-Ft
14	0	4750	0

16	2	4750	9500
17	3	4750	14250
18	4	4750	19000
19	5	4750	23750
20	5	1750	15750
21	6	1750	17500
22	7	1750	19250
23	8	1750	21000
24	9	1750	22750
25	10	950	24100
26	11	150	24650
27	11.1875	0	24664.06
28	12	-650	24400
29	13	-1450	23350
30	14	-2250	21500

$0 \rightarrow 5'$
 $5' \rightarrow 9'$
 $9' \rightarrow 16'$
 $16' \rightarrow 20'$

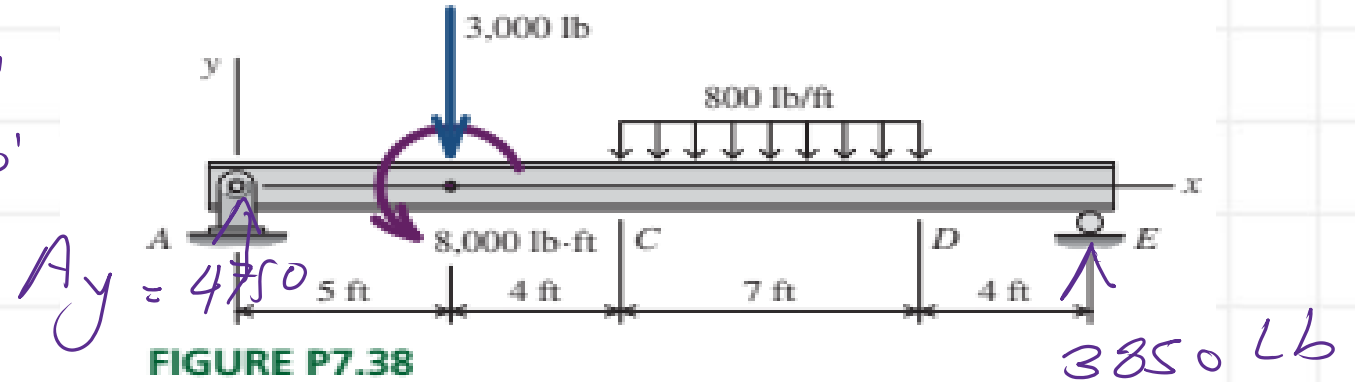


FIGURE P7.38

Drop at $x = 5'$
 Change in slope $x = 9'$
 $x = 9'$

B₂₄

=IF(AND(0<=A24,A24<=5),4750,IF(AND(5<A24,A24<=9),4750-3000,IF(AND(9<A24,A24<=16),4750-3000-800*(A24-9),IF(AND(16<A24,A24<=20),4750-3000-800*(A24-9)+800*(A24-16),0))))

=

S.F.D

Shearing Force diagram

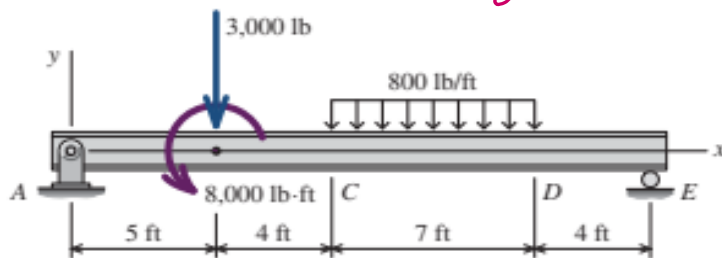


FIGURE P7.38

$$V(x) = [+1750 - (800)(7)]$$

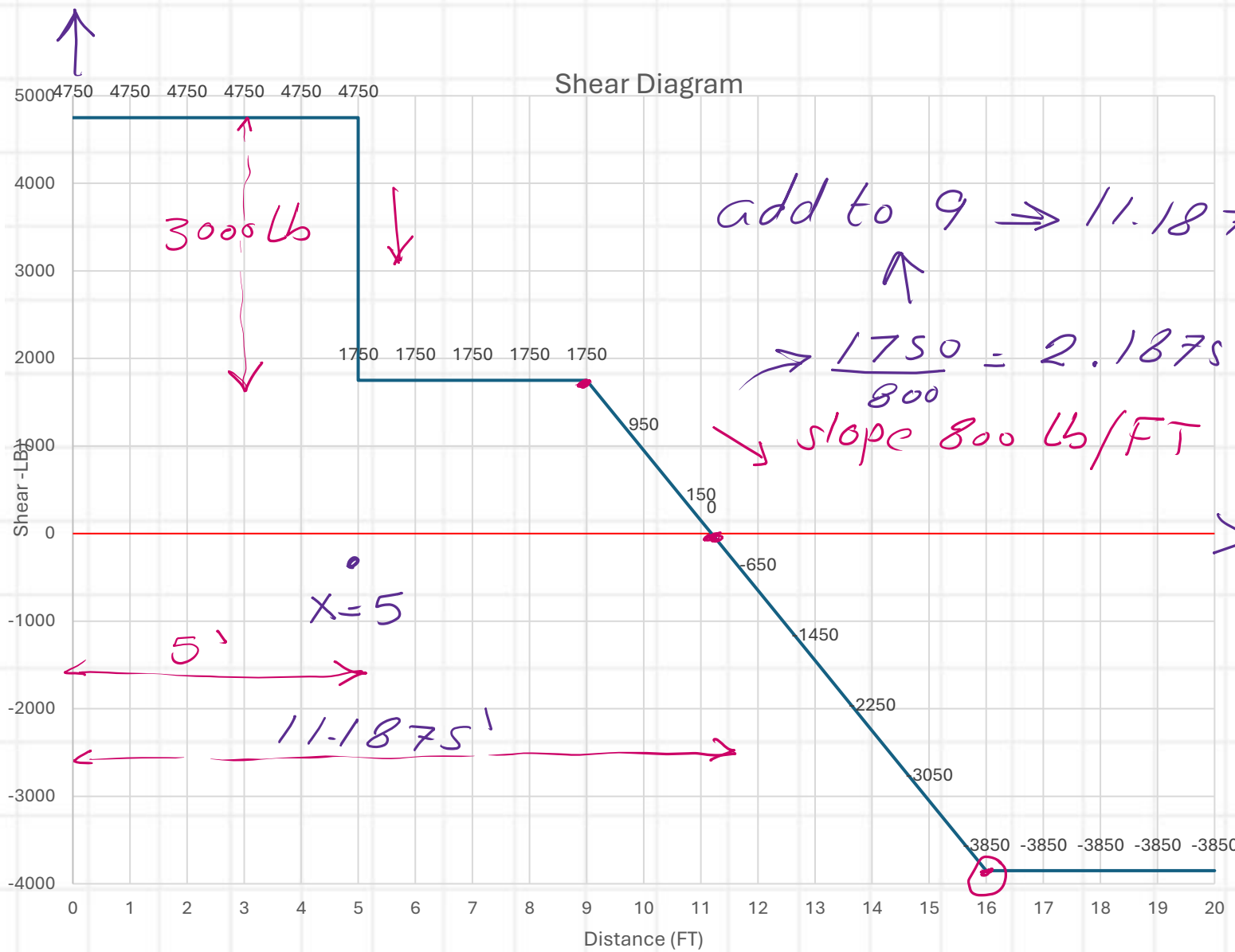
$$1750 - 5600 = -3850 \text{ Lb}$$

$$\Sigma X = 16'$$

$$X_{max} = 11.1875'$$

$$V(x) = 0$$

$V(x)$



	A	B	C
16	2	4750	9500
17	3	4750	14250
18	4	4750	19000
19	5	4750	23750
20	5	1750	15750
21	6	1750	17500
22	7	1750	19250
23	8	1750	21000
24	9	1750	22750
25	10	950	24100
26	11	150	24650
27	11.1875	0	24664.06
28	12	-650	24400
29	13	-1450	23350
30	14	-2250	21500

Moment

0' → 5'
5' → 9'
9' → 16'
16' → 20'

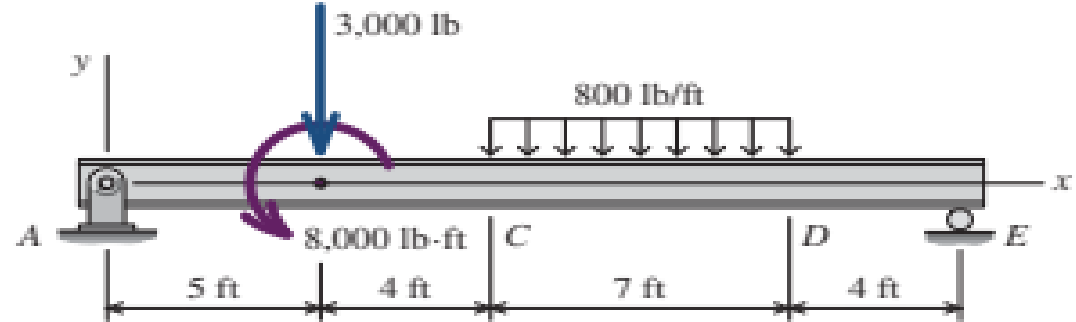


FIGURE P7.38

Drop at 5' $x \leq 5'$
 $x \geq 5'$

$x \leq 5$

$x = 5'$

C₁₉

=IF(AND(0<=A19,A19<=5),4750*A19,IF(AND(5<A19,A19<=9),4750*A19-3000*(A19-5)-8000,IF(AND(9<A19,A19<=16),4750*A19-3000*(A19-5)-8000-800*0.5*(A19-9)^2,IF(AND(16<A19,A19<=20),4750*A19-3000*(A19-5)-8000-800*0.5*(A19-9)^2+800*0.5*(A19-16)^2,0))))

→ $x_{max} \Rightarrow 24664.06$
Lb-FT

Lower cell

$x = 5'$
 $\geq 5'$

C₂₀

=IF(AND(0<=A20,A20<5),4750*A20,IF(AND(5<=A20,A20<=9),4750*A20-3000*(A20-5)-8000,IF(AND(9<A20,A20<=16),4750*A20-3000*(A20-5)-8000-800*0.5*(A20-9)^2,IF(AND(16<A20,A20<=20),4750*A20-3000*(A20-5)-8000-800*0.5*(A20-9)^2+800*0.5*(A20-16)^2,0))))

Bending Moment Diagram B.M.D

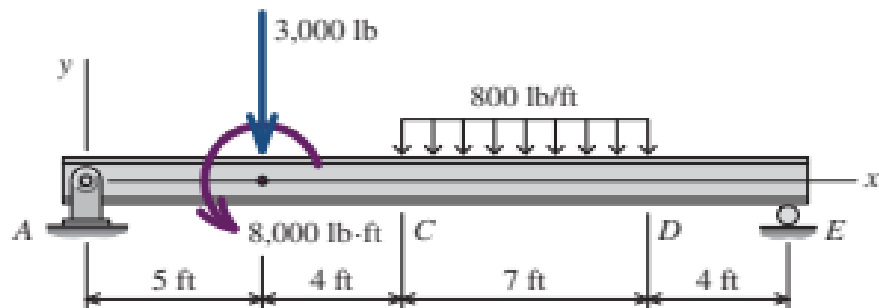
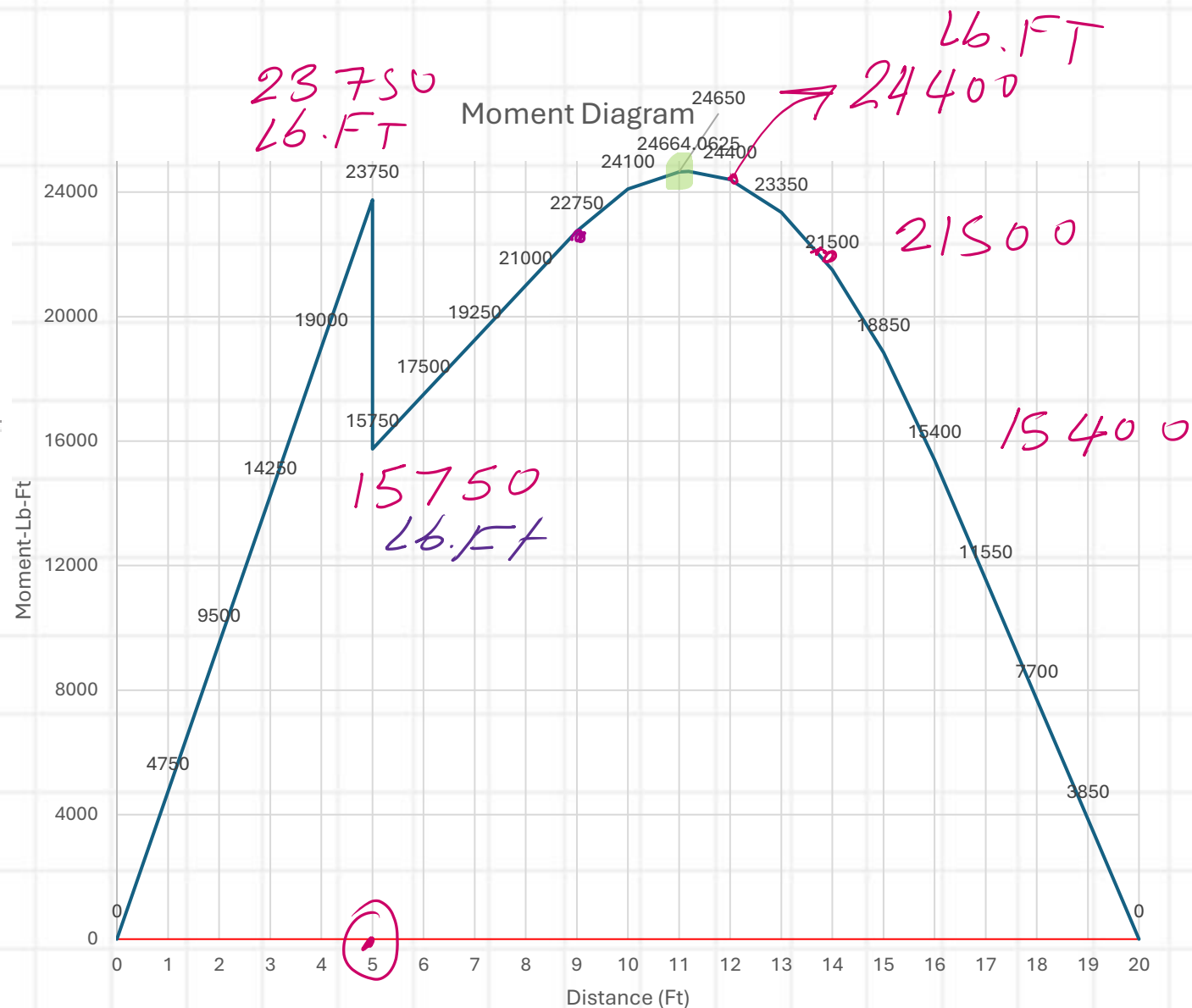


FIGURE P7.38

$X_{max} = 11.1875'$
 $M_{max} = 24664 \text{ lb.ft}$
Highlighted



Drop by 8000 lb.ft