

Summary of Post 4

Derive an expression for L & U for a 3×3 Matrix. Using Doolittle's method

It is possible to show that any square matrix A can be expressed as a product of a lower triangular matrix L and an upper triangular matrix U . The procedure based on unity elements on the major diagonal of L is called the Doolittle method. The procedure based on unity elements on the major diagonal of U is called the Crout method.

LU - Decomposition For 3×3 matrix
Doolittle's method

Let $A \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow$ while L : Lower triangular matrix
 $\hookrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ L_{21} & 1 & 0 \\ L_{31} & L_{32} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ Diagonals $= 1$

For the upper triangular matrix

$$U \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} U_{11} & U_{12} & U_{13} \\ 0 & U_{22} & U_{23} \\ 0 & 0 & U_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{For } LU = A$$

LU - DeComposition For 3×3 matrix

Let $A \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow L = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ L_{21} & 1 & 0 \\ L_{31} & L_{32} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ & $U = \begin{bmatrix} U_{11} & U_{12} & U_{13} \\ 0 & U_{22} & U_{23} \\ 0 & 0 & U_{33} \end{bmatrix}$

3×3 3×3

For $LU = A \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ L_{21} & 1 & 0 \\ L_{31} & L_{32} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} U_{11} & U_{12} & U_{13} \\ 0 & U_{22} & U_{23} \\ 0 & 0 & U_{33} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} U_{11} & U_{12} & U_{13} \\ L_{21}U_{11} & L_{21}U_{12} + U_{22} & L_{21}U_{13} + U_{23} \\ L_{31}U_{11} & L_{31}U_{12} + L_{32}U_{22} & L_{31}U_{13} + L_{32}U_{23} + U_{33} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} U_{11} & U_{12} & U_{13} \\ L_{21}U_{11} & L_{21}U_{12} + U_{22} & L_{21}U_{13} + U_{23} \\ L_{31}U_{11} & L_{31}U_{12} + L_{32}U_{22} & L_{31}U_{13} + L_{32}U_{23} + U_{33} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

Step-1 Equate

$$U_{11} = a_{11}$$

$$U_{12} = a_{12}$$

$$U_{13} = a_{13}$$

Step-2 Find L_{21} value

$$L_{21}U_{11} = a_{21}$$

$$L_{21}a_{11} = a_{21}$$

$$L_{21} = \frac{a_{21}}{a_{11}}$$

Step-3 Find L_{31} value

$$L_{31}U_{11} = a_{31}$$

$$\Rightarrow L_{31} = a_{31}/U_{11} = \frac{a_{31}}{a_{11}}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} U_{11} & U_{12} & U_{13} \\ L_{21}U_{11} & L_{21}U_{12} + U_{22} & L_{21}U_{13} + U_{23} \\ L_{31}U_{11} & L_{31}U_{12} + L_{32}U_{22} & L_{31}U_{13} + L_{32}U_{23} + U_{33} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} U_{11} &= a_{11} \\ U_{12} &= a_{12} \\ U_{13} &= a_{13} \end{aligned}$$

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Equate $L_{21}U_{12} + U_{22} = a_{22}$

$$L_{21} = \frac{a_{21}}{a_{11}}$$

$$L_{21}U_{13} + U_{23} = a_{23}$$

to Find U_{12} & U_{22}

Find $\rightarrow$

$$L_{21}U_{12} + U_{22} = \frac{a_{21}}{a_{11}}(a_{12}) + U_{22} = a_{22}$$

Find $\rightarrow$

$$L_{21}U_{13} + U_{23} = a_{23}$$

$$U_{22} = a_{22} - \frac{a_{21}}{a_{11}}a_{12}$$

$$U_{23} = a_{23} - \frac{a_{21}}{a_{11}}a_{13}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} U_{11} & U_{12} & U_{13} \\ L_{21}U_{11} & L_{21}U_{12} + U_{22} & L_{21}U_{13} + U_{23} \\ L_{31}U_{11} & L_{31}U_{12} + L_{32}U_{22} & L_{31}U_{13} + L_{32}U_{23} + U_{33} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} U_{11} &= a_{11} \\ U_{12} &= a_{12} \\ U_{13} &= a_{13} \end{aligned}$$

$$= a_{33}$$

Equate $\begin{aligned} L_{31}U_{12} + L_{32}U_{22} &= a_{32} \\ L_{31}U_{13} + L_{32}U_{23} + U_{33} &= a_{33} \end{aligned}$

Find L_{32}

$$U_{22} = a_{22} - \frac{a_{21}}{a_{11}} a_{12}$$

$$\frac{a_{31}}{a_{11}} (a_{12}) + L_{32} \left(a_{22} - \frac{a_{21}}{a_{11}} (a_{12}) \right) = a_{32}$$

$$L_{32} = \frac{a_{32} - \frac{a_{31}}{a_{11}} a_{12}}{\left(a_{22} - \frac{a_{21}}{a_{11}} a_{12} \right)}$$

$$L_{11} = 1$$

$$L_{22} = 1$$

$$L_{33} = 1$$

$$\textcircled{4} L_{21} = \frac{a_{21}}{a_{11}}$$

$$L_{31} = \frac{a_{31}}{a_{11}}$$

Equate

$$L_{31} U_{13} + L_{32} U_{23} + U_{33} = a_{33}$$

$$L_{31} = \frac{a_{31}}{a_{11}}$$

$$U_{13} = a_{13}$$

$$U_{23} = a_{23} - \frac{a_{21}}{a_{11}} a_{13}$$

$$L_{32} = \frac{a_{32} - \frac{a_{31}}{a_{11}} a_{12}}{\left(a_{22} - \frac{a_{21}}{a_{11}} a_{12} \right)}$$

$$\frac{a_{31}}{a_{11}} (a_{13}) + \left(a_{23} - \frac{a_{21}}{a_{11}} a_{13} \right) + U_{33} = a_{33}$$

$$U_{33} = a_{33} - \frac{a_{31} a_{13}}{a_{11}}$$

$$- L_{32} (U_{23}) - \frac{a_{31}}{a_{11}} a_{13}$$

$$L = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{a_{21}}{a_{11}} & 1 & 0 \\ \frac{a_{31}}{a_{11}} & \frac{a_{32} - \frac{a_{31}a_{12}}{a_{11}}}{\underbrace{(a_{22} - \frac{a_{21}a_{12}}{a_{11}})}_{\text{Pivot}}} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

This is the Lower matrix.

For L_{32} we need to create U , matrix
to get a Pivot as shown in the
Following slide

U_1

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \\ -\frac{a_{21}}{a_{11}} R_1 + R_2 \\ \rightarrow \frac{a_{31}}{a_{11}} R_1 + R_3 \end{matrix} \Rightarrow \text{Row}$$

Zero

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ 0 & a_{22} - \frac{a_{21}}{a_{11}} a_{12} & a_{23} - \frac{a_{21}}{a_{11}} a_{13} \\ 0 & a_{32} - \frac{a_{31}}{a_{11}} a_{12} & a_{33} - \frac{a_{31}}{a_{11}} a_{13} \end{bmatrix}$$

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U_1



L_1

side by side

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ 0 & a_{22} - \frac{a_{21}}{a_{11}}(a_{12}) & a_{32} - \frac{a_{21}}{a_{11}}(a_{13}) \\ 0 & (a_{32} - \frac{a_{31}}{a_{11}}a_{12}) & a_{33} - \frac{a_{31}}{a_{11}}a_{13} \end{bmatrix}$$

to find
 L_{32}

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{a_{21}}{a_{11}} & 1 & 0 \\ \frac{a_{31}}{a_{11}} & ? & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{a_{21}}{a_{11}} & 1 & 0 \\ \frac{a_{31}}{a_{11}} & & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

L_{32}

$$+ (a_{32} - \frac{a_{31}}{a_{11}}a_{12}) / (a_{22} - \frac{a_{21}}{a_{11}}a_{12})$$

we need to make
this element = 0, take U_{21} as pivot

$$\text{Consider } \frac{(a_{32} - \frac{a_{31}}{a_{11}}a_{12})}{a_{22} - \frac{a_{21}}{a_{11}}a_{12}} (-1) R_2 + R_3 \rightarrow R_3$$

Reverse
the sign

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U_1



L_1

side by side

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ 0 & a_{22} - \frac{a_{21}}{a_{11}}(a_{12}) & a_{32} - \frac{a_{21}}{a_{11}}(a_{13}) \\ 0 & (a_{32} - \frac{a_{31}}{a_{11}}a_{12}) & a_{33} - \frac{a_{31}}{a_{11}}a_{13} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{a_{21}}{a_{11}} & 1 & 0 \\ \frac{a_{31}}{a_{11}} & ? & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

For U_{33} value

$$a_{33} - \frac{a_{31}}{a_{11}}a_{13} - \frac{\left[a_{33} - \frac{a_{31}}{a_{11}}a_{13} \right] \left(a_{33} - \frac{a_{31}}{a_{11}}a_{13} \right)}{a_{22} - \frac{a_{21}}{a_{11}}(a_{12})}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ \frac{a_{21}}{a_{11}} & 1 & 0 \\ \frac{a_{31}}{a_{11}} & L_{32} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$